**KERALA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

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**(PALAKKAD CLUSTER - 08)**

**SCHEME AND SYLLABI**

**of**

**M. TECH. PROGRAMME**

**in**

**STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING**

**DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING**

**2015**

**PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES**

1. Practice the profession of Structural engineering proficiently by applying fundamental technical knowledge and skills and demonstrate high degree of analytical handiness to solve real world engineering problems.
2. Inculcate professional and ethical attitude, effective communication skills, exercise leadership qualities and professional integrity with a commitment to the social needs and sustainable development.
3. Continue the professional development, nurture research attitude and lifelong learning with a scientific temperament.

**PROGRAMME OUTCOME**

After successful completion of the programme the student should be able to

1. Ability to acquire in depth knowledge in structural engineering with an understanding to evaluate, analyse, synthesize and integrate the fundamental and contemporary knowledge.
2. Ability to think critically to identify, analyse and solve structural engineering problems and to provide wide range of solutions with an ability to arrive at an optimum solution.
3. Ability to extract information related to unfamiliar problems through self learning and find remedies through research work independently and in a team
4. Ability to learn and apply advanced engineering techniques and use modern software tools to explore its techniques and capabilities to model complex structural engineering systems with an understanding of their limitations.
5. Ability to create a congenial environment that promote learning, growth and impart ability to work with inter-disciplinary groups in professional, industry and research organisations.
6. Ability to undertake safe, economical and sustainable design of civil and other structures as per specifications and standards, protecting environment and ecosystems.
7. Ability to apply principles of engineering, management and finance to carryout structural engineering and multi-disciplinary projects.
8. Ability to prepare reports, technical papers with an effective documentation and presentation of ideas and research outcomes.
9. Ability to practice professional ethics and integrity while discharging the responsibilities in the society.
10. Ability to adapt life-long learning with enthusiasm and commitment to improve knowledge and competence continuously in the context of rapid technological advances, engage in reflective learning as a corrective measure to learn from ones mistakes.

**Scheme of M. Tech Programme in Structural Engineering**

**SEMESTER 1 (Credits 22)**

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| **Exam Slot** | **Course Code** | **Name** | **L-T-P** | **Internal Marks** | **End Semester Exam** | | **Credits** |
| **Marks** | **Duration (hrs)** |
| A | 08 CE 6011 | Structural Dynamics | 4-0-0 | 40 | 60 | 3 | 4 |
| B | 08 CE 6021 | Theory of Elasticity | 3-0-0 | 40 | 60 | 3 | 3 |
| C | 08 CE 6031 | Advanced Theory and  Design of Concrete  Structures | 3-0-0 | 40 | 60 | 3 | 3 |
| D | 08 CE 6041 | Numerical Methods in  Structural Engineering | 3-0-0 | 40 | 60 | 3 | 3 |
| E | 08 CE 6051 | Elective -1 | 3-0-0 | 40 | 60 | 3 | 3 |
|  | GN 6001 | Research Methodology | 0-2-0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
|  | 08 CE 6071(P) | Seminar I | 0-0-2 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
|  | 08 CE 6081(P) | Concrete Technology &  Structural Engineering Lab | 0-0-2 | 100 | 0 |  | 2 |
|  |  |  | 16-2-4 |  |  |  | 22 |

L-Lecture T-Tutorial P-Practical

**ELECTIVE 1**

08 CE 6051 (A) Advanced Foundation Engineering

08 CE 6051 (B) Experimental stress analysis and instrumentation

08 CE 6051 (C) Construction and Maintenance Management

**Note:** Remaining hours is meant for departmental assistance by students.

**SEMESTER 2 (Credits 19)**

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| **Exam Slot** | **Course Code** | **Name** | **L-T-P** | **Internal Marks** | **End Semester Exam** | | **Credits** |
| **Marks** | **Duration**  **Hrs** |
| A | 08 CE 6012 | Finite Element Analysis | 3-0-0 | 40 | 60 | 3 | 3 |
| B | 08 CE 6022 | Analysis and Design of Earthquake Resistant Structures | 3-0-0 | 40 | 60 | 3 | 3 |
| C | 08 CE 6032 | Advanced Design of Metal Structures | 3-0-0 | 40 | 60 | 3 | 3 |
| D | 08 CE 6042 | Elective- 2 | 3-0-0 | 40 | 60 | 3 | 3 |
| E | 08 CE 6052 | Elective- 3 | 3-0-0 | 40 | 60 | 3 | 3 |
|  | 08 CE 6062 | Mini Project based on Industrial Training | 0-0-4 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
|  | 08 CE 6072 (P) | Structural Engineering Design Studio | 0-0-3 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
|  |  |  | 15-0-7 |  |  |  | 19 |

L-Lecture T-Tutorial P-Practical

**ELECTIVE 2**

08 CE 6042 (A) Design of Offshore Structures

08 CE 6042 (B) Pavement Analysis and Design

08 CE 6042 (C) Analysis and Design of Plates and Shells

**ELECTIVE 3**

08 CE 6052 (A) Soil Structure Interaction

08 CE 6052 (B) Advanced Concrete Technology

08 CE 6052 (C) Design of Bridges

**Note**: 8 hours / week is meant for departmental assistance by students.

**SEMESTER 3 (Credits 14)**

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| **Exam Slot** | **Course Code** | **Name** | **L-T-P** | **Internal Marks** | **End Semester Exam** | | **Credits** |
| **Marks** | **Duration**  **Hrs** |
| A | 08 CE 7011 | Elective- 4 | 3-0-0 | 40 | 60 | 3 | 3 |
| B | 08 CE 7021 | Elective- 5 | 3-0-0 | 40 | 60 | 3 | 3 |
|  | 08 CE 7031 | Seminar II | 0-0-2 | 100 | 0 |  | 2 |
|  | 08 CE 7041 | Project (Phase I) | 0-0-14 | 100 | 0 |  | 6 |
|  |  |  | 6-0-16 |  |  |  | 14 |

**ELECTIVE 4**

08 CE 7011 (A) Design of Pre-stressed Concrete Structures

08 CE 7011 (B) Mechanics of Composite Materials

08 CE 7011 (C) High Rise buildings

**ELECTIVE 5**

08 CE 7021 (A) Design of Industrial Structures

08 CE 7021 (B) Probability Methods in Civil Engineering

08 CE 7021 (C) Structural Optimization and Reliability Analysis

08 CE 7021 (D) Forensic Engineering and Rehabilitation of Structures

**Note:** 8 hours/week is meant for departmental assistance by students.

**SEMESTER 4 (Credits 12)**

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| **Exam Slot** | **Course Code** | **Name** | **L-T-P** | **Internal Marks** | **End Semester Exam** | | **Credits** |
| **Marks** | **Duration**  **Hrs** |
| A | 08 CE 7012 | Project (Phase II) | 0-0-22 | 200 | 100 | 1 hr | 12 |

**Note:** 8 hours/week is meant for departmental assistance by students.

**Total Credits for the Course: 67**

**Internal Evaluation for all the Subjects**

Internal Assessment (40 Marks)

Two Tests – 15 Marks each

Tutorials, Assignments – 10 Marks

End Semester Examination – 60 Marks

**SYLLABI OF M TECH PROGRAME IN STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING**

**SEMESTER 1**

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 6011** | **STRUCTURAL DYNAMICS** | **4-0-0-4** | **2015** |
| **Course** **objectives**  *To impart in depth knowledge of structural behaviour under dynamic loads and thus to establish foundation for acquiring principles of seismic design* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Fundamental objective of structural dynamic analysis - generalized displacements – Single degree of freedom system – Free and forced vibration of single degree of freedom system:-.Undamped system- damped system- Response to impulsive loads -Response to general dynamic loading- Two degree of freedom system – Multidegree of freedom system – Distributed Parameter System – Free and forced vibrations of beams - Approximate solutions - Vibrations of building frames - Modal Analysis (principle only)-Numerical evaluation of dynamic response | | | |
| **Course Outcome**   1. An Ability to perform analysis of SDOF and MDOF systems. 2. An Ability to explain different physical forms of dynamic loading in a force response analysis 3. An Ability to compute natural frequency in relation to a continuum and discrete system. 4. An ability to explain the terms modeshape/eigen vector, modal mass, modal damping, and modal stiffness factors. 5. An ability to evaluate the results from dynamic analysis. | | | |
| **References:**   1. Anil.K.Chopra, (2011) Dynamics of Structures (Theory and Applications to Earthquake Engineering), 4th Edition, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited. New Delhi. 2. Clough, R.W. & Penzein, J.(2003) "Dynamics of Structures", McGrawHill 3. Mukhopadhyay, M.,(2008) "Structural Dynamics", Ane Books, India. 4. Mario Paz, (2006) "Structural Dynamics - Theory and Computations", CBS Publications, New Delhi. 5. Timoshenko,(1990) “Vibration problems in Engineering”, Van Nostrand Co., Inc. 6. Short course on *Seismic Design of Reinforced Concrete Buildings*,(1995) CEP, IIT, Kanpur. 7. IS 1893 – Criteria for Earthquake Resistant Design of Structures 8. SP 22: Explanatory Handbook on Codes for Earthquake Engineering. | | | |

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| **COURSE PLAN** | | | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | **Hours** | **Sem.Exam Marks %** | | |
| I | Introduction: Fundamental objective of structural dynamic analysis – types of prescribed loadings – essential characteristics of a dynamic problem – method of discretization, lumped mass procedure – generalized displacements  Single degree of freedom system – Components of the basic dynamic system – formulation of the equation of motion-D’Alembert’s principle  Influence of gravitational forces - generalized SDOF system- Rigid body assemblage - expression for generalized system properties. | 3  3  2 | 15 | | |
| II | Free vibration of single degree of freedom system:- Solution of equation of motion, undamped free vibration  Damped free vibration, critically damped, under damped and over damped systems, Negative damping.  SDOF- Response to harmonic loading, Undamped system- damped system,  Response to periodic loading | 2  3  3  2 | 15 | | |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | | | |
| III | Fourier series expansion of the loading- response to Fourier series loading  Exponential form of Fourier series loading and response- Complex frequency transfer functions  Response to impulsive loads :- Suddenly applied load, sine wave impulse, rectangular impulse, triangular impulse, spike loading, approximate analysis | 3  3  4 | | | 15 |
| IV | Response to general dynamic loading:- Duhamel integral for undamped system  Unit impulse response function – numerical evaluation, response of damped system- classical and non classical damping- numerical evaluation,  Numerical analysis in the frequency domain, fast Fourier transform analysis. | 2  3  3 | | | 15 |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | | | |
| V | Multi degree of freedom system:- Two degree of freedom system – equation of motion, characteristic equation, frequencies and mode shapes  Vanello Stodola method, coordinate coupling and choice of degree of freedom,  Orthogonality of modes, natural coordinates, superposition of natural modes , response of two degree of freedom system to initial excitation, response to harmonic excitation  Multi- degree of freedom system – analysis of multi- degree of freedom system- mode superposition analysis. | 3  3  2  2 | | 20 | |
| VI | Distributed Parameter System: Partial differential 1equation of motion - Axial and torsional vibration of prismatic bars  -Elementary case of flexural vibration of beams - Beam flexure including axial force effects.  Free and forced vibrations of beams - Approximate solutions - Rayleigh and Rayleigh - Ritz Methods - Vibrations of building frames - Modal Analysis (principle only).  Numerical evaluation of dynamic response – Time stepping method – methods based of interpolation of excitation – central difference method – Newmark’s method. | 3  2  3  2 | | 20 | |
| **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION** | | | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 6021** | **THEORY OF ELASTICITY** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course** **objectives**   * *To understand the behavior of elastic solids under given applied loads and also the limitations of the results given by the Elementary Mechanics of Materials.* * *To provide essential fundamental knowledge of the subject matter with compilation of solutions that required in engineering practice and design.* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Introduction to the general theory of elasticity-Analysis of stress at a point- analysis of strain at a point - Strain-displacement relations, compatibility conditions (in rectangular and cylindrical polar coordinate systems), governing equations of elasticity, Stress-strain relations- generalized Hooke’s law-solution of two-dimensional problems - plane stress and plane strain problems - Equations of equilibrium in terms of displacements-conditions of compatibility in terms of stresses. -Plain stress-plain strain problems- Airy’s stress function in rectangular and polar coordinates-solution by polynomials- St.Venant’s principle- Axisymmetric stress distribution-Thick cylinders- Stress concentration due to circular holes in plates-Torsion of prismatic bars- St.Venant’s semi-inverse approach- Prandtl’s stress function approach- elliptic cross-section- Membrane Analogy -thin walled open and closed tubes.Introduction to Energy Methods-Principle of linear superposition- Uniqueness theorem - Advanced topics- Theories of failure-yield criteria. | | | |
| **Course Outcomes**   * An ablity to apply principles of elastic theory to estimate stresses and strains of structural engineering problems. * An ablity to apply concepts, principles and governing equations to solve the problems in elasticity such as thick cylinders, shafts, stress concentration and complex loading on structural members and visualize the elasticity concepts for formulating real problems. * An ablity to model and analyse homogeneous and elastic plane problems. * An ablity to apply energy principles to solve engineering problems * An ablity to obtain a firm foundation for more advanced courses, for research and practice in civil engineering fields. | | | |
| **References:**   1. Timoshenko.S.P and Goodier. J.N.,(2010) “Theory of Elasticity”, Tata McGraw Hill. 2. Wang, C.T.,(1993) “Applied Elasticity”, McGraw–Hill Co., New York. 3. Srinath.L.S.,(2010) ‘‘Advanced Mechanics of Solids”, Tata McGraw Hill. 4. Sadhu Singh,(2003) "Theory of Elasticity"), Khanna Publishers, New Delhi 5. Ameen.M.,(2009) “Computational Elasticity”, Narosa Publishing House. 6. Chou P.C. and Pagano, N.J.(1992) "Elasticity Tensor, Dyadic and Engineering Approaches”,Dover publishers 7. Xu, Z.,(1992) “Applied Elasticity”, Wiley Eastern Ltd, India, 8. Irving H.Shames and James, M.Pitarresi, “Introduction to Solid Mechanics”, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., Newl Delhi | | | |

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| **Course Plan** | | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | | **Hours** | **Sem Exam Marks %** |
| **I** | Introduction to the general theory of elasticity, Assumptions and Applications of linear elasticity | | **2** | **15** |
| Analysis of stress and strain in 3D-State of stress at a point-Stress Tensor-Equilibrium equations- Stress on Arbitrarily oriented plane-Transformation of stresses-Principal stresses-Stress invariants-Octahedral stresses- Traction boundary conditions-Hydrostatic and deviatoric stresses. | | **5** |
| **II** | Strain at a point- Strain tensor-Strain-displacement relations-Compatibility conditions - strain transformations-Principal strains- Strain invariants-spherical and deviatoric components of strain. | | **4** | **15** |
| Stress-strain relations- Generalised Hooke’s law- systematic reduction of the constitutive coefficients from9 x 9 = 81 to 3 - 1 = 2; general anisotropy, orthotropy and isotropy. Equations of equilibrium in terms of displacements-Conditions of compatibility in terms of stresses. | | **4** |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | | |
| **III** | Plane Cartesian Elasticity-Plain stress- Plain strain problems | **2** | | **15** |
| Airy’s stress function-stress function for plane stress and plain strain cases | **2** | |
| Solution by polynomials-Bending of cantilever loaded at free end- Bending of simply supported beam with udl | **3** | |
| **IV** | Plane problems in polar coordinates- Equilibrium equations-strain-displacement relations and stress-strain relations- Airy’s stress function- Biharmonic equations- bending of curved bar by force at the end. | **3** | | **20** |
| Axisymmetric stress distribution- St.Venant’s principle-Thick cylinders- Stress concentration due to circular holes in plates. | **4** | |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | | |
| **V** | Torsion of prismatic bars- St.Venant’s semi-inverse approach- Prandtl’s stress function approach- elliptic cross-section- Membrane Analogy -thin walled open and closed tubes | **6** | | **15** |
| **VI** | Introduction to Energy Methods- strain energy and complementary energy; Virtual work and potential energy principles; principles of minimum total potential energy and minimum complementary energy; Betti’s reciprocal theorem; Principle of linear superposition- Uniqueness theorem | **5** | | **20** |
| Advanced topics- Theories of failure-yield criteria. | **2** | |
| **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION** | | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 6031** | **ADVANCED THEORY AND DESIGN OF CONCRETE STRUCTURES** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course** **objectives**   * *To impart in depth knowledge of material and structural behaviour of concrete, background of provisions made in codes of design and to familiarize with the design of some important structures* * *To equip the students with advanced knowledge in RCC structures so that they will be able to perform research activities later* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Stress-strain characteristics, cyclic loading on concrete and reinforcing steel, ductility, immediate and long term deflection in flexure, deflection control, Strut and Tie Models, Torsion, Deep Beam, Corbel, Biaxial bending of columns, cracking in beams and slabs,  Crack width, Inelastic behaviour of concrete beams, plastic hinge formation, moment  redistribution in continuous beams, plastic design, principles of capacity design, ductile detailing of frames | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  An ability to design special structures by limit state method. To have advanced knowledge on material behaviour to persuade research work in the field. Theories behind specifications of design codes will be understood and well utilized. | | | |
| **References:**   1. Varghese.P.C.,(2005) "Advanced Reinforced Concrete Design", Prentice Hall of India, 2001 2. Park,R and Paulay T,(2009)” Reinforced Concrete Structures”,John Wiley & Sons, New York 3. Purushothaman.P.(1986) "Reinforced Concrete Structural Elements", Behaviour, Analysis and Design. (Tata Mc Graw Hill ) 4. Pillai.S.V and Menon.D,(2009) "Reinforced Concrete Design", Tata McGraw Hill Book Co. 5. Arthur. H. Nilson, David Darwin and Charles W Dolan,(2004) “Design of Concrete Structures”, Tata McGraw Hill. 6. Thomas T. C. Hsu,( 2010) “Unified Theory of Reinforced Concrete”, CRC Press, London. 7. IS 456 –2000, Indian Standard for Plain and Reinforced Concrete- Code of Practice, New Delhi 8. ACI – 318: 2002, Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete and Commentary, ACI   Michigan. | | | |

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| **Course Plan** | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | **Hours** | **Sem Exam Marks** |
| **I** | Stress-strain characteristics of concrete under single and multi- axial stresses- confined concrete | **2** | **15** |
| Effect of cyclic loading on concrete and reinforcing steel - Ultimate Deformation and ductility of members with flexure | **2** |
| Control of deflections- immediate and long term deflections. | **3** |
| **II** | Strut and Tie Models- Development- Design methodology- selecting dimensions for struts- IS and ACI | **3** | **20** |
| Application: Deep Beams | **2** |
| Application: corbel, beam column joints. | **2** |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| **III** | Biaxial bending of columns- interaction diagrams – IS method of design- comparison with ACI | **4** | **15** |
| Analysis and Design of slender RCC columns | **3** |
| **IV** | Control of cracking in beams and slabs: classical theory of cracking | **3** | **20** |
| Codal procedures on crack width computation in flexure as per IS | **2** |
| Comparison with BS and ACI codes. | **2** |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| **V** | Inelastic behaviour of concrete beams- moment curvature diagrams | **2** | **15** |
| plastic hinge formation – length of hinge | **2** |
| moment redistribution in continuous beams-ductility | **3** |
| **VI** | Baker's method of plastic design | **3** | **15** |
| Design of cast in-situ frames- principles of capacity design | **3** |
| ductile detailing of frames | **1** |
| **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION** | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 6041** | **NUMNERICAL METHODS IN STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course** **objectives**  *To impart in-depth knowledge of various mathematical tools applied to diversified problems in structural engineering and provide the theoretical background to advanced modelling techniques in numerical computation and provide the necessary software application skills.* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Solution of systems of linear algebraic equations- Direct and iterative methods, Solving Systems of non-linear equations, Interpolation, Numerical differentiation and numerical integration, Numerical solution of partial differential equations, Eigen Value Problems | | | |
| **Course Outcome**   1. Ability to formulate and solve linear and non linear systems of equations numerically. 2. Ability to perform numerical integration and differentiation and to understand the principles of curve fitting and interpolations. 3. Ability to formulate and solve partial differential equations in civil engineering 4. Ability to formulate and solve structural stability and structural dynamic problems. 5. To understand the logic of the development of finite element software packages. | | | |
| **References:**   1. B.S Grewal,(2010)“Numerical Methods in Engineering and Science”, Khanna Publications. 2. Rajasekaran S,(1999),“Numerical Methods in Science and Engineering – A practical approach”, AH Wheeler & Co. 3. P Kandasamy,( 2008),“Numerical Methods”, S Chand and Company. 4. Stevan C. Chapra and Raymond P. Canale,(2010)“Numerical Methods for Engineers”, McGraw Hill 5. Erwin Kreyszig(2011) “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”,10th Edition, Weiley Eastern Ltd., 1989. 6. Michael D Greenberg,(1998) “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, 2nd edition Pearson education. 7. Balagurusamy E ,(2013) “Numerical Methods”, Tata McGraw Hill 8. Curtis F Gerald and Patrick O Wheatley,”Applied Numerical Analysis”, 6th Edition, Pearson Education Pte ltd. | | | |

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| **Course Plan** | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | **Hours** | **Sem Exam Marks %** |
| **I** | Numerical Computing and computers and software applications  **Systems of Linear Equations**:Elimination and factorization methods: Gauss, Cholesky and Crout’s methods | **1**  **3** | **20** |
| Norms, Ill-conditioned systems – Symmetric and Banded systems | **2** |
| Gauss Siedel iteration - Relaxation method- condition of convergence of iterative methods. | **3** |
| **II** | **Systems of non-linear equations** – Newton-Raphson Method. | **2** | **20** |
| **Interpolations**: Newtons divided differences, Lagrange, Hermitian and cubic spline methods – Isoparametric style of interpolation | **4** |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| **III** | Numerical Integration using Gaussian quadrature - One and Two Dimensions | **2** | **15** |
| Gauss Hermite Quadrature Method - Newton–Cotes open quadrature methods | **3** |
| Solution of ordinary differential equations by modified Euler and Runge Kutta method and simultaneous ordinary differential equations by Runge Kutta Method | **3** |
| **IV** | **Partial differential equations**:Applications, and formulation of one dimension and two dimensional problems | **2** | **15** |
| Boundary value problems -Laplace equation,Poisson equation, derivative boundary conditions, irregular and non rectangular grids | **4** |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| **V** | **P**arabolic and Hyperbolic partial differential equations, Heat equation and wave equation in one and two dimensions | **4** | **15** |
| **Eigen Value Problems**:Introduction – Methods of solutions: method of characteristic polynomial, Faddeev-Leverrier Method | **2** |
| **VI** | Approximate Methods Eigen Value problems- Forward iteration, inverse iteration – (Vianello-Stoodala method) | **3** | **15** |
| Power Method with deflation – Rayleigh – Ritz Method. | **3** |
| Applications and strategy for large systems | **1** |
| **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION** | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 6051(A)** | **ADVANCED FOUNDATION ENGINEERING** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course Objectives**  *To impart the knowledge in the analysis and design of various foundation systems required for various infrastructure projects .* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Shallow foundations, design principles and methodology of footings and raft, pile foundation , well foundation, soil dynamics and design of machine foundations - types of machine foundations - IS code practice for design of machine foundation for reciprocating and impact type machines, foundations for steel towers and chimneys. | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  Students after the completion of the course, are able to design different types of foundations. | | | |
| **References:**   1. P.C.Varghese,(2005)“Foundation Engineering”, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt-Ltd, New Delhi. 2. B.C.Punmia, (2005)“Soil Mechanics and Foundations”,Laxmi Publications Pvt Ltd,New Delhi 3. Braja M Das,(2010) “Principles of Foundation Engineering” 7th edition,Global Engineering 4. Koerner R M, (1984)“Construction and Geotechnical methods in Foundation Engineering”,McGraw Hill. 5. Joseph E. & Bowles,(2001) “Foundation Analysis & Design”,6th edition McGraw Hill 6. Leonards G.A.,(1962) “Foundation Engineering”, McGraw Hill 7. Arora K.R.,(2000) “Soil Mechanics & Foundation Engineering”., Standard Publications | | | |

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| **COURSE PLAN** | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | **Hours** | **Sem.Exam Marks %** |
| I | Shallow foundations- Introduction- Models used in design of foundation-Review of various theories for bearing capacity-settlement-allowable bearing pressure-SPT-Ultimate bearing capacity and settlement in sand from N values-Bearing capacity of footings and raft on clay | 7 | 15 |
| II | Design principles and methodology of footings and raft.Pile foundation-Introduction-Review of static and dynamic methods-load carrying capacity from SPT-Group action of piles. Piled raft foundation-Introduction-Types-Design considerations | 7 | 15 |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| III | Well foundation- Introduction-Bearing capacity-method of analysis-Terzaghi’s method-IRC and IS design recommendations--depth of scour-Minimum thickness of RC wells. | 7 | 15 |
| IV | Soil dynamics and Design of Machine foundations-Introduction-Mass spring system-Free vibrations-vibrating spring mass system with damping-forced vibrations-natural frequency of foundation soil system--bulb of pressure concept | 7 | 15 |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| V | Basic principles of design of machine foundation-method of analysis-static analysis –dynamic analysis-soil properties for dynamic analysis-Types of machine foundations-IS Code practice for design of machine foundation for reciprocating and impact type machines. | 7 | 20 |
| VI | Foundations for Steel Towers and Chimneys:- Introduction-Loads on foundation-Common types of foundation for steel towers-Behaviour of pad and Chimney foundation-Design of Chimney and Pad foundations-Anchor foundations-Rock Anchors | 7 | 20 |
| **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION** | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 6051(B)** | **EXPERIMENTAL STRESS ANALYSIS AND INSTRUMENTATION** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course** **objectives**   * *To make students aware of various measurement techniques* * *To introduce methods of selecting and installing necessary instrumentation in experiments for measuring load, strain, stress, pressure etc.* * *To make students understand various non destructive testing methods* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Measurement systems - characteristics, accuracy, precision; Error analysis in experimental measurements, Strain gauges – gauge length, sensitivity and range, characteristics, types; Electrical resistance strain gauges- construction, Strain gauge circuits, Strain rosettes, Force transducers; principle of Linear variable displacement transducer (LVDT). Photo elasticity - stress optic law, circular polariscope, isoclinics and isochromatics; Model materials - calibration methods; Non Destructive Testing Methods – Ultrasonic methods – Hardness methods; Detection of embedded reinforcement and cover. Computer based data acquisition systems. Model analysis - direct and indirect models - laws of structural similitude - choice of scales - limitation  of model studies - buckingham pi-theorem - dimensional analysis | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  Students will be able to identify and choose measuring instruments, install and use them for their experiments in the laboratory. They shall be able to use nondestructive types of strength assessments in field investigations. | | | |
| **References:**  1. Dally, J. W. and Raliey W.F., Experimental Stress Analysis, McGraw Hill.  2. Srinath L.S., Experimental Stress Analysis, Tata McGraw Hill  3. Roy, T.K., Experimental Analysis of stress and strain  4. Dove and Adams, Experimental Stress Analysis and Motion measurement, Prentice Hall  5. Hetenyi M., Hand book of Experimental Stress Analysis, John Wiley  6. Bently JP(1983) – Principles of Measurement Systems, Longman.  7. Nakra & Chowdhary (1995)– Instrumentation Measurement & Analysis – Tata McGraw Hill.  8. Doblins E A (1975)– Measurement Systems Application & Design Mc Graw Hill. | | | |

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| **Course Plan** | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | **Hours** | **Sem Exam Marks %** |
| **I** | The measurement system – Purpose, structure and Elements – Characteristics of measurement system. Accuracy, precision, repeatability, calibration – Standards and evaluation. Dynamic Characteristics. | **5** | **15** |
| Errors in measurement – Statistical Analysis - best estimate of true value | **2** |
| **II** | Strain gauges - definition of gauge length - sensitivity and range - characteristics of an ideal strain gauge | **2** | **20** |
| different types of mechanical strain gauges, optical strain gauge - acoustic strain gauge -pneumatic strain gauge; electrical strain gauges – resistance, inductance, capacitance and piezo electric gauges - merits and demerits | **2** |
| Electrical resistance gauges - bonded and unbonded resistance gauges and their application in stress analysis - fixing techniques and measurement of strains – procedures. | **3** |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| **III** | Strain gauge circuits-characteristics- strain gauge bridges, temperature compensation; Strain rosettes - determination of principal strains and stresses. | **4** | **15** |
| Force transducers, Load cells of different types, force balance pressure gauges. Computer based data acquisition systems - principle. | **3** |
| **IV** | Photo elasticity - basics of optics, stress optic law - plane and circularly polarized light and their use in photo elasticity - polariscopes - diffusion type - lens type polariscopes - isoclinics and isochromatics | **4** | **20** |
| Model materials - calibration methods for finding material fringe values - model fringe values - examples of beam flexure and diametrically loaded circular plates. | **3** |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| **V** | Non Destructive Testing Methods – Ultrasonic methods – Hardness methods – Rebound Hammer | **3** | **15** |
| Detection of embedded reinforcement, cover meter. | **2** |
| Semi-destructive testing – core cutting method- specifications | **2** |
| **VI** | Model analysis - direct and indirect models - laws of structural similitude - choice of scales –Limitation of model studies- buckingham pi-theorem | **5** | **15** |
| dimensional analysis - model materials - simple design of direct and indirect models | **2** |
| **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION** | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 6051 (C)** | **CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE MANAGEMENT** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course** **objectives:**  *To impart advanced knowledge of principles and methodology of planning and implementing construction projects as well as maintenance of the same.*  *To equip the students to face challenging situations of repair of structures, and also to*  *identify research needs in this area.* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  **Organising for Project management** - Project Management – modern trends - Strategic Planning - Effects of Project Risks on Organization - Organization of Project Participants -Traditional Designer-Constructor Sequence - Professional Construction Management - Owner-Builder Operation - Turnkey Operation - Leadership and Motivation for the Project Team  Labour, Material and equipment utilisation - Historical Perspective - Labour Productivity - Factors Affecting Job-Site Productivity - Labour Relations in Construction - Problems in Collective Bargaining - Materials Management - Material Procurement and Delivery - Inventory Control  **Constructions Operations Management** – Trends and methods in construction project scheduling – principles-use of bar charts and networks-CPM and PERT methods  **Quality management**-Features of Quality management systems – general principles-Total Quality Management-ISO systems- ISO 9000 certification process in construction-quality manuals-preparation-principles  **Principles of Safety management**  **Maintenance and repair strategies -** Definitions: Maintenance, repair and rehabilitation- Life expectancy of different types of buildings- Facets of Maintenance- importance of Maintenance-Inspection-Assessment procedure for evaluating a damaged structure  **Repair project management**- principles- choice of materials and methods and equipment  **Influence on serviceability and durability-**–effect of environmental elements such as heat, dampness, frost and precipitation on buildings-effect of chemical agents on building materials-effect of pollution on buildings-effect of fire on building-damage by biological agents like plants, trees, algae, fungus, moss, insects, etc.  **Failure and repair of buildings:** Definition of building failure-types of failures-methodology for investigation of failures-diagnostic testing methods and equipments-repair of cracks in concrete and masonry-methods of repair-repair and strengthening of concrete buildings-foundation repair and strengthening-underpinning-leakage of roofs and repair methods  **Special materials for repair -** Special concretes and mortar, concrete chemicals, special elements for accelerated strength gain, Expansive cement, polymer concrete, sulphur infiltrated concrete, ferrocement, Fibre reinforced concrete. Rust eliminators and polymers coating for Rebars, | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  Students will be able to take decisions on the organizational needs of construction projects related to planning and control. They will have knowledge in assessing the repair needs of structures, based on diagnostic testing, and also in planning and implementing repairs. | | | |
| References :  1. R.T.Allen and S.C.Edwards,(1987)“Repair of Concrete Structures”, Blakie and Sons, UK 2. M.S.Shetty, (1992)“Concrete Technology - Theory and Practice”, S.Chand and Company, New Delhi. 3. Santhakumar, A.R.,(2007) “ Concrete Technology”,, Oxford University Press, NewDelhi, 4. Chitkara, K.K. (1998) “Construction Project Management: Planning, Scheduling and Control, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi. 5. Choudhury, S,(1988) “Project Management”,Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi. 6. Kumar Neeraj Jha,(2011)”Project management – Theory and practice”, Pearson Education India, New Delhi. 7. Raikar, R.N.,(1987) “Learning from failures - Deficiencies in Design”, Construction and   Service - R & D Centre (SDCPL), Raikar Bhavan, Bombay.   1. Maintenance and Repair, Longman Scientific and Technical UK, 1991 2. Peter H. Emmons, (2001),”Concrete Repair and Maintenance”, Galgotia Publishers 3. SP:25 BIS Causes and Prevention of Cracks in buildings 4. SP:62 (S&T)-1997, BIS, Hand Book on Building Construction Practice, pp. 457-765 5. Seetharaman S.,(2003) “Construction Engineering and Management” (fourth Revised and Enlarged Edition) ”, Umesh Publications, Delhi 6. Chitale A. K. and Gupta R. C.,(2006) “Materials Management- Text and cases”, Prentice-Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi 7. Gopalakrishnan P and Sundaresan M,(2009) “Materials Management an integrated approach”, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi 8. Chris Hendrickson and Tung Au,(2000)” Project Management for Construction – Fundamental Concepts for Owners, Engineers, Architects and Builders, Prentice Hall, Pittsburgh. | | | |

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| **Course Plan** | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | **Hours** | **Sem Exam Marks %** |
| **I** | Organising for Project management - Project Management – modern trends - Strategic Planning | **3** | **13** |
| Professional Construction Management - Owner-Builder –issues-roles- project success | **3** |
| Effects of Project Risks on Organization - Organization of Project Participants -Traditional Designer-Constructor Sequence - | **3** |
| Leadership and Motivation for the Project Team | **2** |
| **II** | **Constructions Operations Management** – Trends and methods in construction project scheduling – principles-use of bar charts and networks-CPM and PERT methods | **4** | **7** |
| **III** | Features of Quality management systems – general principles-Total Quality Management-ISO systems- ISO 9000 certification process in construction-quality manuals-preparation-principles  Safety management –principles/methods | **7** | **6** |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| **IV** | **Maintenance and repair strategies -** Definitions: Maintenance, repair and rehabilitation- Life expectancy of different types of buildings- Facets of Maintenance- importance of Maintenance-Inspection-Assessment procedure for evaluating a damaged structure | **4** | **13** |
| **Repair project management**- principles- choice of materials and methods and equipment | **3** |
| effect of environmental elements such as heat, dampness, frost and precipitation on buildings-effect of chemical agents on building materials-effect of pollution on buildings-effect of fire on building-damage by biological agents like plants, trees, algae, fungus, moss, insects, etc. | **4** |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| **V** | **Failure and repair of buildings:** Definition of building failure-types of failures-methodology for investigation of failures-diagnostic testing methods and equipments-repair of cracks in concrete and masonry- | **2** | **7** |
| Methods of repair-repair and strengthening of concrete buildings-foundation repair and strengthening-underpinning-leakage of roofs and repair methods | **3** |
| **VI** | **Special materials for repair -** Special concretes and mortar, concrete chemicals, special elements for accelerated strength gain, Expansive cement, polymer concrete, sulphur infiltrated concrete, ferrocement, Fibre reinforced concrete. Rust eliminators and polymers coating for Rebars, | **4** | **4** |
| **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION** | | | |

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| **Course No.** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **GN 6001** | **RESEARCH METHODOLOGY** | **0-2-0-2** | **2015** |
| **Course Objectives**  *The main objective of the course is to provide a familiarization with research methodology and to induct the student into the overall research process and methodologies. This course addresses:*  *The scientific research process and the various steps involved formulation of research problem and research design, Design of experiments, Thesis preparation and presentation.*  *Research proposals, publications and ethics, Important research methods in engineering*  *As a tutorial type course, this course is expected to be more learner centric and active involvement from the learners are expected which encourages self-study and group discussions. The faculty mainly performs a facilitator’s role.* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Overview of research methodology - Research process, scientific method, research design process.  Research Problem and Design - Formulation of research task, literature review and web as a source, problem solving approaches, experimental research, and ex post facto research. Thesis writing, reporting and presentation -Interpretation and report writing, principles of thesis writing- format of reporting, oral presentation, seminars and conferences  Research proposals, publications and ethics - Research proposals, research paper writing, considerations in publishing, citation, plagiarism and intellectual property rights. Research methods – Modelling and Simulation, mathematical modeling, graphs, heuristic optimization, simulation modeling, measurement design, validity, reliability, scaling, sample design, data collection methods and data analysis | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  At the end of course, the student will be able to:  Discuss research methodology concepts, research problems, research designs, thesis preparations, publications and research methods.  Analyse and evaluate research works and to formulate a research problem to pursue research  Prepare a thesis or a technical paper, and present or publish them  Apply the various research methods followed in engineering research for formulation and design of own research problems and to utilize them in their research project. | | | |
| **References:**   1. C. R. Kothari,(2004) “*Research Methodology, Methods and Techniques”*, New Age International Publishers 2. K. N. Krishnaswamy, Appa Iyer Sivakumar, M. Mathirajan,(2006) “*Management Research Methodology, Integration of principles”, Methods and Techniques*, Pearson Education 3. R. Panneerselvam,(2014) *“Research Methodology”*, PHI Learning 4. Deepak Chawla,Meena Sondhi,(2011)“*Research Methodology–concepts & cases”*,Vikas Publg House 5. J.W Bames, *“Statistical Analysis for Engineers and Scientists”*, McGraw Hill, N.York 6. Schank Fr.,(2008)“*Theories of Engineering Experiments”*,Tata Mc Graw Hill Publication. 7. John W Best, James V Kahan,(2010) “*Research in Education”*, PHI Learnin 8. Sinha, S.C.and Dhiman,A.K., 2002.“*Research Methodology”*,Ess Publications. 2 volumes | | | |

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| **COURSE PLAN** | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | **Hours** | **Sem.Exam Marks %** |
| I | **Overview of Research Methodology**  Research concepts – meaning – objectives – motivation - types of research –research process – criteria for good research – problems encountered by Indian researchers - scientific method - research design process – decisional | 5 | 15 |
| II | **Research Problem and Design**  Formulation of research task – literature review – methods – primary and secondary sources – web as a source – browsing tools -formulation of research problems – exploration - hypothesis generation - problem solving approaches-introduction to TRIZ(TIPS)- experimental research – principles -Laboratory experiment - experimental designs - ex post facto research - qualitative research | 5 | 15 |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| III | **Thesis writing, reporting and presentation**  Interpretation and report writing – techniques of interpretation – precautions in interpretation – significance of report writing – principles of thesis writing- format of reporting - different steps in report writing – layout and mechanics of research report - references – tables – figures – conclusions. oral presentation – preparation - making presentation – use of visual aids - effective communication-preparation for and presentation in seminars and conferences | 4 | 15 |
| IV | **Research proposals, publications, ethics and IPR**  Research proposals - development and evaluation – research paper writing – layout of a research paper - journals in engineering – considerations in publishing – scientometry-impact factor- other indexing like h-index – citations - open access publication -ethical issues - plagiarism –software for plagiarism checking- intellectual property right- patenting case studies . | 5 | 15 |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| V | **Research methods – Modelling and Simulation**  Modelling and Simulation – concepts of modelling – mathematical modelling - composite modelling – modelling with – ordinary differential equations – partial differential equations – graphs heuristics and heuristic optimization - simulation modeling | 5 | 20 |
| VI | **Research Methods – Measurement, sampling and Data acquisition**  Measurement design – errors -validity and reliability in measurement - scaling and scale construction - sample design - sample size determination - sampling errors - data collection procedures - sources of data - data collection methods - data preparation and data analysis | 4 | 20 |
| **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION** | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 6071(P)** | **SEMINAR I** | **0-0-2-2** | **2015** |
| **Course Objectives**  *To assess the debating capability of the student to present a technical topic. Also to impart training to a student to face audience and present his ideas and thus creating in him self-esteem and courage that is essential for an engineer.* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Individual students are required to choose a topic of their interest from Structural Engineering related topics preferably from outside the M.Tech syllabus. And give a seminar on that topic about 45 minutes. A committee consisting of at least three faculty members (preferably specialized in Structural Engineering) shall assess the presentation of the seminar and award marks to the students based on merits of topic of presentation. Each student shall submit two copies of a write up of his seminar topic. One copy shall be returned to the student after duly certifying it by the chairman of the assessing committee and the other will be kept in the departmental library.  Internal continuous assessment marks are awarded based on the relevance of the topic, presentation skill, quality of the report and participation and Simulations. | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  Identify and chose appropriate topic of relevance.  Assimilate literature on technical articles of specified topic and develop comprehension  Write technical report.  Design and develop presentation on a given technical topic.  Deliver technical presentation on a specified topic | | | |

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| **Course Code.** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 6081(P)** | **CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY & STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING LAB** | **0-0-2-2** | **2015** |
| **Course Objectives**  *To familiarize the students with the different sophisticated instrumentations used in the laboratory and field for measuring/monitoring stress, strain, deflection etc. in structures. New construction materials, their testing and construction practices are introduced.* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Measurement of Strain: - Mechanical Strain Gauges- Electrical Strain gauges- Extensometers and Compressometers Measurement of Deflection:- Dial gauges - Linear Variable Differential Transducers  Principles of operations of UTM, hydraulic loading systems, force measuring devices etc. Concrete Mix design practices  Study of the behaviour of structural materials and structural members- Casting and testing of simple structural members. Under-reinforced and Over-reinforced RC beams in flexure. Effect of Shear span to depth ratio on the failure pattern of RC beams. Behaviour of steel beam under flexure. Hinge formation in two span RC continuous beam.  Introduction to Non Destructive Testing of RCC members - Rebound Hammer, Ultrasonic pulse devices, Core cut test.  New Reinforced Cement Composites:- Introduction to Steel fiber reinforced concrete – Ferrocement – Polymer concrete - Self Compacting Concrete – High Performance Concrete. | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  Understand Basic test for materials, Mix Design, Non-destructive and other relevant tests of  concrete quality  To determine various parameters for steel and concrete and other related parameters,  durability related tests for concrete. Use of fibre reinforced concrete. | | | |
| **References:**   1. *“Concrete Technology”*- Neville – Pearson Publishers, 2000 2. *“Concrete Technology”* – M.S. Shetty – S. Chand and Co., 2001 3. “*Experimental Stress Analysis*”Srinath L.S., , Tata McGrawHill | | | |

**SEMESTER 2**

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 6012** | **FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS** | **3-1-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course Objectives**  *To build up the back ground, basic concepts and basic formulation of finite element method to enable the students to understand various element formulations and use them for analysis, including programming.* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Introduction to finite element method – general description of the method - basic equations of elasticity - theories of stress and strain – plane stress – plane strain conditions, direct stiffness method – Gauss elimination solution of equations , calculus of variations – variational principles of solid mechanics – principles of virtual work – Rayleigh-Ritz, Weighted residual (Galerkin). Concept of elements – displacement model – shape functions – C0 and C1 elements – numerical integration – Gauss quadrature method - analysis of framed structure – 2D and 3D truss and frame elements, CST and LST elements – rectangular elements – Isoparametric elements axisymmetric solid elements, analysis of plate bending - analysis of shells – analysis using recent softwares. | | | |
| **Course Outcome**   1. An ability to illustrate the various steps in the displacement finite element method from assumed displacement polynomial to determination of stress. 2. To employ an analysis system for the determination of stresses and strains in small displacement linear elastic problem. 3. An ability to select appropriate idealization for components /structures which are consistant with the objectives of analysis. | | | |
| **References:**   1. Krishnamoorthy C.S.,*“Finite Element Analysis-Theory and Programming”*,Tata McGraw Hill 2. Bathe K.J., “*Finite Element Procedures in Engineering Analysis”*, Prentice Hall of India 3. Desai C.S., “*Elementary Finite Element Method”*, Prentice Hall of India 4. Cook R.D., Malkus D.S. & Plesha M.F., “*Concepts & Applications of Finite Element Analysis”*, John Wiley 5. Chandrupatla T.R. & Belegundu A.D., “*Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering”*, Prentice Hall of India 6. Cook, R.D., “*Finite Element Modelling for Structural Analysis’*, John Wiley and sons. 3. 7. Gallaghar R.H., “*Finite Element Analysis: Fundamentals”*, Prentice Hall Inc. 8. Rajasekaran S., “*Finite Element Analysis in Engineering Design”*, Wheeler Pub. 9. Zienkiewics O.C. & Taylor R.L., “*The Finite Element Method”*, Vol I & II, McGraw Hill 10. Reddy, J.N., “*An Introduction to the Finite Element Method”*, McGraw Hill, 2006 | | | |

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| **COURSE PLAN** | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | **Hours** | **Sem.Exam Marks %** |
| I | Introduction to Finite Element Method – History of development – Advantages – Disadvantages - General description of the method -Basic equations of elasticity- Strain – Displacement relations – Theories of stress and strain – Stress-Strain relations – Plane stress – Plane strain conditions | 6 | 15 |
| II | Direct stiffness method – Review of basic concepts of matrix displacement analysis – Complete stiffness matrices – Co-ordinate transformation – Global stiffness matrices – Formulation of load vector – Direct stiffness method – Assembly of elements- Displacement boundary conditions – Gauss elimination solution of equations | 6 | 15 |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| III | Calculus of variations – Variational principles of solid mechanics – Principles of virtual work – Approximate methods – Rayleigh-Ritz, Weighted residual (Galerkin) Concept of elements – Displacement model – Shape functions – General coordinates – Natural coordinates – Convergence and Compatibility conditions | 8 | 15 |
| IV | C0 and C1 elements – Conforming and non conforming elements – Numerical integration – Gauss quadrature method- Summary of finite element procedure. Analysis of framed structure – 2D and 3D truss and frame elements – applications – Plane stress and plane strain analysis | 8 | 15 |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| V | Triangular elements – CST and LST elements – Rectangular elements – Isoparametric elements – Incompatible models – 8 noded and 20 noded isoparametric solid elements – Axisymmetric solid elements (for solid elements principles of formulations only). | 7 | 20 |
| VI | Analysis of plate bending – Basic equation of thin plate theory- Reissner-Mindlin theory – plate elements and applications – Analysis of shells – generated shell elements Programming concepts – Assembling – Boundary conditions – Solution techniques – Band width minimization – Gauss elimination. Modelling and analysis using recent softwares | 7 | 20 |
| **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION** | | | |

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| **Course Number** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 6022** | **ANALYSIS AND DESIGN OF EARTHQUAKE RESISTANT STRUCTURES** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course** **objectives**  To provide the students a thorough knowledge of the basis of dynamic analysis of buildings subject to earthquake and philosophy of seismic design  To make students capable of analyzing and designing various types of structures exhibiting ample safety under probable earthquakes | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Introduction to engineering seismology, causes of earthquake, Seismic waves, Magnitude and Intensity of earthquake, seismographs, seismic zoning. Base-excited SDOF system(review), DVA Spectrum, Base-excited MDOF system, Lumped mass modeling and analysis of multi-storey shear building, response spectra. Earthquake analysis of linear systems-response history analysis-modal analysis. Earthquake response of inelastic systems, Elasto-plastic idealization, Inelastic Spectra. Effects of Earth quake on various types of structures. Philosophy and Principles of earthquake.-resistant design, ductility-based design and detailing, analysis and design as per IS 1893:2002, ductile detailing (IS 13920). | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  Students will be able to analyse and design earthquake-resistant buildings. They will have advanced knowledge on seismic behaviour of structures. Theories behind specifications of design codes will be understood. | | | |
| **References:**   1. Anil.K.Chopra,(2003) Dynamics of Structures (Theory and Applications to Earthquake Engineering), 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited. New Delhi. 2. Jaykrishna, Elements of earthquake engineering, Saritha Prakasan, Naunchandi, Meerut 3. Mukhopadhyay, M.,(2006) "Structural Dynamics", Ane Books, India. 4. R W Clough and J Penzien, Dynamics of structures, McGraw Hill 5. Pankaj Agarwal and Manish Shrikandhe, Earthquake Resistant Design of Structures, PHI 6. Park & Paulay, Reinforced concrete, McGrawHill   Web sites:  [www.peer.berkeley.edu/course, modules/eqrd](http://www.peer.berkeley.edu/course,%20modules/eqrd) [www.nicee.org](http://www.nicee.org), www.iitk.ac.in/nicee/npeee  **IS Codes:**  IS:1893 - (Part I), Criteria for Earthquake Resistant structures-General Provisions and  Buildings  IS:13935 – Repair and Seismic strengthening of buildings  IS:4326 - Earthquake Resistant Design and Constructions of buildings  IS:13827 – Improving Earthquake Resistance of Earthen buildings  IS:13828 - Improving Earthquake Resistance of Low strength Masonry buildings  IS:13920 – Ductile detailing of RC Structures subject to Seismic forces. | | | |

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| **COURSE PLAN** | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | **Hours** | **Sem.Exam Marks %** |
| **I** | Introduction to engineering seismology – plate tectonics- faults- causes of earthquake-energy release | **2** | **7** |
| Seismic waves -primary and secondary waves – Raleigh wave, Love wave | **1** |
| Magnitude and Intensity of earthquake –-measurement using seismographs, seismic zoning of India | **1** |
| Base-excited SDOF system- formulation of basic equation – elastic response to pulse and harmonic excitations-dynamic amplification factors | **3** |
| **II** | Concepts of pseudo acceleration, velocity and displacement – four way logarithmic graph – peak response values - response spectra-DVA Spectrum. | **2** | **7** |
| MDOF system- (review: lumped mass system- natural frequencies-mode shapes -normalization of modes) | **2** |
| Base-excited MDOF: Lumped mass modeling of multi-storey shear building and modes of vibration – response quantities-dynamic response factor –modal contribution factors-influence of higher modes-effect of damping on responses. | **3** |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| **III** | Earthquake analysis of linear systems-response history analysis-modal anlysis-modal response – total response | **3** | **7** |
| Multistory building with symmetric plan –effective modal mass and modal height- number of modes to be considered | **2** |
| Unsymmetrical plan- torsional response. | **2** |
| **IV** | Response spectrum analysis of linear system-peak modal responses, Modal combination - SRSS – CQC, Multistory building with symmetric plan. | **3** | **7** |
| Earthquake response of inelastic systems-hysterisis loop and energy dissipation- elasto-plastic idealizations- concept of equivalent linear system – ductility factor-ductility demand | **2** |
| Elastic and inelastic design spectra- assumptions, construction method | **2** |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| **V** | Performance of building and structures under earthquakes- Main Causes of Damage- Intensity of earth quake forces, lack of strength and integrity of buildings, quasi resonance – lack of ductility, lack of detailing. | **3** | **7** |
| Effects of Earth quake on - tower structures, power plants, switch yards, equipments or other life line structures, soil liquefaction- Assessment of damage, | **3** |
| Concepts of seismic isolation and seismic active control (Numerical exercises not expected) | **1** |
| **VI** | Philosophy and Principles of earthquake.-resistant design- Strength and stiffness- ductility-based design and detailing– analysis and design as per IS 1893:2002 – Buildings- Seismic zones and coefficients – response reduction factors -Estimations of fundamental time period -Design spectrums – equivalent static analysis – Vertical distribution of seismic forces and horizontal shears | **3** | **7** |
| Dynamic analysis –Seismic weights – Building forms and architectural design concepts- Horizontal and vertical eccentricities due to mass and stiffness distribution-limits on drifts. | **2** |
| Load combinations and permissible stresses as per Indian Standards | **1** |
| Use of codes like IS: 4326, IS: 13828, IS: 13827, IS13920, SP:22 with reference to masonry, RCC and steel building -Detailing of reinforcement and joints. | **1** |
| **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION** | | | |

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| **Course Code** | ***Course Name*** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 6032** | ***ADVANCED DESIGN OF METAL STRUCTURES*** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| ***Course Objectives***  *To introduce plastic analysis and design of steel structures*  *To familiarize with the design of light gauge steel and aluminium structures* | | | |
| ***Syllabus***  *Elastic analysis, inelastic analysis, bolted Connections, welded connections, forms of light gauge sections, design of compression members, design of members under flexure, braced and unbraced beams, design of members subjected to lateral loads and axial loads, Crane gantry girders and crane columns, design of tubular structures, design of aluminum structures* | | | |
| ***Course Outcome***  *Students after the completion of the course, are able to understand the behaviour of steel in inelastic range. They should be able to design and detail connections and special structures listed above for various types of loadings* | | | |
| **References:**   1. Gaylord & Gaylrod, “Design of Steel Structures”, Mc Graw Hill 2. Duggal, S.K., “Limit State Design of Steel Structures”, Tata mcGrawHill 3. Subramanian, N., “Design of Steel Structures”, Oxford University Press. 4. Salmon C.G & Johns J.E, “Steel Structures- Design and Behaviour”, Harper and Row, 1980.. 5. John Baker & Jacques Hayman, “Plastic Design of Frames”, University – Printing House, Cambridge 6. Dr. Ramachandra, “Design of Steel Structures” – Vol II. Standard Book House, Delhi. 7. Krishnamchar B.S. & Ajith Sinha, D . “Design of steel structures”, TMH Publishing Co. 8. Horne, M.R., and Morris, L.J., “Plastic Design of Low -rise frames”, Granada Publishing Ltd., 1981. 9. Wie - Wen Yu., “Cold-formed Steel Structures”, McGraw Hill Book Company, 1973. 10. William McGuire, Steel Structures, Prentice Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, N.J.1986. 11. Subramanian N. ,”Principles of Space Structures”, Wheeler Publishing Co 12. Santhakumar A.R and Senthil.R, “Proceedings of International Conference on Space Structures”, Anna University, Chennai | | | |

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| **COURSE PLAN** | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | **Hours** | **Sem.Exam Marks %** |
| I | Methods of Analysis- Elastic Analysis – Inelastic Analysis – Plastic hinge concept – Methods of Plastic Analysis- Plastic design of continuous beams and frames – Effect of axial and shear force on plastic moment capacity. | 7 | 15 |
| II | Bolted Connections- High Strength Friction Grip Bolts . Welded Connections – Moment Resistant Connections- Beam to beam connections – Beam Column connections – Splices | 7 | 15 |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| III | Forms of light gauge sections – Effective Area – Basic design stresses – Design of compression members – Design of members under flexure – Braced and unbraced beams | 7 | 15 |
| IV | Design of members subjected to lateral loads and axial loads – Principles of analysis and design of Industrial buildings and bents. Crane gantry girders and crane columns – Bracing of industrial buildings and bents. | 7 | 15 |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| V | Design of tubular structures - Design of tension and compression members, Connections, truss configurations, space structures. | 7 | 20 |
| VI | Design of Aluminum structures – Design of tension and compression members, beams and columns | 7 | 20 |
| **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION** | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 6042 (A)** | **DESIGN OF OFFSHORE STRUCTURES** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course** **objectives**   * To equip the students with the basic concepts of analysis and design of most common offshore structures. * To understand the basics of wave mechanics, estimation of environmental loads in addition to imposed and live loads and familiarize with recommended code provisions. * To expose the students to the design of tubular members, tubular joints and fatigue effects. | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Offshore structures –types-conceptual development-Basics of wave motion-wave theories-wave kinematics-random waves-wave spectrum-wave breaking - Loads on offshore structures- operational Loads -environmental loads –Morison equation- Wave forces on large structures-Linear diffraction theory - materials-allowable stresses-design methods and code provisions of API and, DNV- Principles of static and dynamic analysis of jacket platforms- Analytical modeling of jacket platforms- Design principles of Concrete offshore platforms-Jack up platforms -Compliant platforms- Tension Leg Platforms and Spar platforms- -Design of tubular members and joints –simple design problems- Fatigue analysis- Submarine pipelines-design procedure-thickness calculations. | | | |
| **Course Outcomes**  To understand the basics of wave mechanics, estimate the forces acting on offshore structures.  To understand the material behavior under loads  An ability to apply theoretical principles and analytical models in the design of offshore  structures conforming to code provisions  An ability to design tubular members and joints and evaluate their fatigue life.  Capable of taking further advanced research/ design and development projects in the emerging  area of offshore structural design. | | | |
| **References:**   1. Thomas H. Dawson. , “Offshore structural Engineering’’ Prentice -Hall 2. Subrata K Chakrabarti, “ Hydrodynamics of Offshore Structures”, Computational Mechanics   Publications.1987   1. Subrata K Chakrabarti, “Hand book of Offshore Engineering (Vol. I & II)’’. Elsevier Science,Prentice Hall Inc. Englewood Cliffs, N.J. 1983 2. Graff,W.J., “Introduction to Offshore Structures” , Gulf Publ.Co.1981 3. Reddy, D. V & Arockiasamy, M.,’ Offshore Structures Vol.1 & 2’, Kreiger Publ. Co.1991. 4. Gou.B, Song.S,Chacko.J and Ghalambor.A, ‘‘ Offshore Pipelines” ,GPP Publishers,2006 5. B.C Gerwick, Jr. Construction of Marine and Offshore Structures, CRC Press, Florida, 2000. 6. API RP-2A Recommended Practice for Planning Designing & Construction of Fixed offshore platforms – Working Stress design – American Petroleum Institute | | | |

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| **Course Plan** | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | **Hours** | **Sem Exam Marks %** |
| **I** | Introduction to Offshore structures-Types-Conceptual Development | **2** | **15** |
| Basics of wave motion- Small and Finite amplitude wave theories- wave kinematics- pressure under wave-  Wave energy, power (Numerical exercises to be done) | **4** |
| Random waves-wave spectral density-Mathematical spectrum models –wave breaking | **2** |
| **II** | Loads on offshore structures- Operational Loads-Environmental loads due to wind, wave, current and buoyancy –-Concept of Return waves-Extreme Loads on offshore structures | **5** | **20** |
| Morison equation- Maximum wave force on offshore structures-Wave forces on large structures-Linear diffraction theory | **3** |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| **III** | Materials and their behavior under static and dynamic loads- Statutory regulations-Allowable stresses-Various design methods and Code Provisions of API | **3** | **15** |
| Principles of static and dynamic analysis of jacket platforms- analytical modeling of jacket platforms. | **3** |
| **IV** | Basic principles of design of concrete offshore platforms-Jack up platforms | **4** | **15** |
| Design principles of Compliant platforms- Tension Leg Platforms and Spar platforms | **4** |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| **V** | Design of Tubular members-design procedure-Specifications as per API | **3** | **20** |
| Tubular Joints-Classification-Analysis of joints-Stress  concentration factor (API Code formulae for simple joints only- simple design problems | **4** |
| **VI** | Fatigue Analysis- S-N curves- Cumulative Damage ratio-Palmgren Miner rule- Evaluation of Fatigue life of components | **3** | **15** |
| Submarine pipelines-design procedure-thickness calculations | **2** |
| **END SEMESTER EXAM** | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 6042 (B)** | **PAVEMENT ANALYSIS AND DESIGN** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course** **objectives:**  To impart advanced knowledge of principles and methodology of design of flexible and rigid pavements. To equip the students to face challenging situations of pavement design and construction in the field, and also to carry out research activities. | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Types and Component layers of Pavements – their functions – Materials –properties, Testing and specifications- Factors affecting Design and Performance of Pavements -  Bituminous mix design methods, specifications and testing.  Analysis & Design of Flexible Pavement: Stresses and Deflections in Homogeneous Masses – different theories - Empirical, Semi-empirical and theoretical approaches of design, Advantages and applications of different methods.  Analysis & Design of Rigid pavements: Types of Stresses and Factors influencing the Stresses in Rigid Pavement Analysis, Combined Stresses – Design Methods –IRC Approach; Types of Joints in Cement Concrete Pavements and their functions and detailing.  Pavement Evaluation and Rehabilitation programmes - Pavement Distresses; Evaluation by Non-Destructive and Destructive Test Methods, and Specimen Testing  Pavement Overlays & Design -different methods; Use of Geo synthetics and advances in subgrade improvement. | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  Students will be able to design different types of pavements under varied conditions of traffic, climate and sub grade soil. They will have advanced knowledge in pavement analysis to persuade research work. Theories behind specifications of design codes and charts will be understood and well utilized. | | | |
| **References:**   1. Yoder and Witzack, Principles of Pavement Design, John Wiley and sons. 2. Yang, Design of functional pavements, McGraw-Hill. 3. Harold N. Atkins, Highway Materials, Soils, and Concrete, Prentice Hall, 1996. 4. Haas and Hudson, Pavement Management System, McGraw Hill Book Co., New York. 5. Woods, K.B., Highway Engineering Hand Book, McGraw Hill Book Co. 6. David Croney, Design and Performance of Road Pavements, HMSO Publications. 7. Per Ullitz, Pavement Analysis, Elsevier, Amsterdam 8. Robert D. Krebs, Highway Materials, McGraw Hill Text, 1971 9. Asphalt Institute, The Asphalt Handbook, 1989.   **IRC Codes**   1. IRC: 37-2001, 2012 Guidelines for the Design of Flexible Pavements. 2. IRC: 58-2002, 2011Guidelines for the Design of Plain Jointed Rigid Pavements for Highways 3. IRC: 81 -1981, Guidelines for the Design of overlay using Benkelman Beam Deflection Technique. | | | |

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| **Course Plan** | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | **Hours** | **Sem Exam Marks %** |
| **I** | Types and Component layers of Pavements – their functions | **3** | **15** |
| Materials –properties, Testing and specifications- | **2** |
| Factors affecting Design and Performance of Pavements - | **3** |
| **II** | Bituminous mix – Principles of design, properties of Mix, various design methods, specifications and testing. | **5** | **15** |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| **III** | Analysis & Design of Flexible Pavement: Stresses and Deflections in Homogeneous Masses – different theories - | **4** | **20** |
| Empirical, Semi-empirical and theoretical approaches of design | **4** |
| Advantages and applications of different methods. | **2** |
| **IV** | Analysis & Design of Rigid pavements: Types of Stresses and Factors influencing the Stresses in Rigid Pavement Analysis | **3** | **20** |
| Combined Stresses – Design Methods –IRC Approach | **3** |
| Types of Joints in Cement Concrete Pavements and their functions and detailing. | **3** |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| **V** | Pavement Evaluation and Rehabilitation programmes - Pavement Distresses; | **2** | **15** |
| Evaluation by Non-Destructive and Destructive Test Methods, and Specimen Testing | **3** |
| **VI** | Pavement Overlays & Design -different methods | **3** | **15** |
| Use of Geo synthetics and advances in subgrade improvement. | **2** |
| **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION** | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 6042 (C)** | **ANALYSIS OF PLATES AND SHELLS** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course Objectives**  *To familiarize students to study the analysis and design of shells and folded plates.* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Review of the theory of bending of beams, pure bending of plates, symmetrical bending of circular plates, small deﬂection of laterally loaded plates, formulation and solution of some problems in rectangular plates, simply supported edges, other edge conditions, membrane theory of shells, introduction to the middle surface theory and bending theory of shells . | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  Able to understand the behaviour of plates under loads  Able to apply the knowledge to design plates and shells. | | | |
| **References:**   1. S.P. Timoshenko, and Woinowsky-Krieger, S.: “*Theory of Plates and Shells”*, 2nd ed., McGraw-Hill Book Company, (1959). 2. J.P. Den Hartog: “*Advanced Strength of Material”*, McGraw-Hill Book company, Inc., New York, (1952). 3. W. Flugge: “*Stresses in Shells”*, Springer-Verlag, Berlin, (1970). 4. V.V. Novozhilov: “*Thin Shell Theory”*, 2nd Russian ed., augmented and revised, translated from Russian by P.G. Lowe and edited by J.R.M. Radok, WoltersNoordorﬀ, Groningen, (1970). 5. E. Ventsel & Th. Krauthammer, “*Thin Plates and Shells: Theory, Analysis and Applications”*, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, (2001) | | | |

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| **COURSE PLAN** | | | | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | | **Hours** | | **Sem.Exam Marks %** | |
| I | Review of the theory of bending of beams  Pure bending of plates Love-Kirchhoff assumption and its consequences; slopes and curvature; relations between bending moments and curvatures; some particular cases of pure bending; strain energy in pure bending of plates. | | 7 | | 15 | |
| II | Symmetrical bending of circular plates Differential equation for symmetrical bending of circular plates; uniformly loaded circular plates; some special cases (with a circular hole; concentrically loaded; loaded at the centre); corrections to the elementary theory. | | 7 | | 15 | |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | | | | |
| III | | Small deﬂection of laterally loaded plates Differential equation of the deﬂection surface; boundary conditions; boundary conditions by variational methods; developable and non-developable surfaces and the consequences; exact theory of plates. | | 7 | | 15 |
| IV | | Formulation and solution of some problems in rectangular plates Simply supported edges; other edge conditions.  A brief mention of advanced topics Higher order theories; Karman theory, anisotropic plates, thermal stresses; buckling of plates. (Not included for examinations.) | | 7 | | 15 |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | | | | |
| V | | Membrane theory of shells General theory; governing equation; simple applications (as in J.P. Den Hartog: Advanced Strength of Materials, chapter on Membrane Stresses in Shells.) | | 7 | | 20 |
| VI | | Introduction to the middle surface theory and bending theory of shells Differential geometry of curved surfaces; ﬁrst and second fundamental forms; metric tensor; Love-Kirchhoff assumption and its consequences; Gauss-Codazzi equations; indicate how the bending theory develops from the Love-Kirchhoff assumption. | | 7 | | 20 |
| **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION** | | | | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 6052 (A)** | **SOIL STRUCTURE INTERACTION** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course Objectives**  *To make students understand the basics of soil structure interaction Also to impart knowledge about various linear and non-linear, isotropic and anisotropic models for soil structure interaction problems*. | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Soil structure interaction and 'flexible' approach to the design of foundations, experimental determination of dub grade modulus, introduction to idealized soil response models for the analysis of soil, introduction to soil structure interaction models, beam on elastic foundation - soil models - infinite beam and finite beam, plate on elastic medium - infinite plate - analysis of finite plates, analysis and design of rafts and mats incorporating soil structure interaction, role of soil-structure interaction in earthquake resistant design, FEM Modeling, Elastic analysis of piles | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  To understand behaviour of soil under loads transmitted by structures.  An ability to apply the knowledge in designing various type of foundations. | | | |
| **References:**   1. *Soil mechanics* by TW Lambe & Whitmen. 2. Deb, D., “*Finite Element Methods- Concepts and Application in Geomechanics*”, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. 3. Joseph E. Bowles, “*Foundation Analysis and Design*” McGraw-Hill. 4. *“Analytical and computer methods in foundation engineering”*, JE Bowles, McGraw Hill publications. 5. *“Foundation analysis”* by RF Scott, Printice Hall 6. Hytenyi, *“Beams on Elastic Foundations”* – university of Michigan Press. 7. *“Elastic Analysis of soil – Foundation Interaction”*. APS Selvadurai – Elsevier 8. *“Vibration Analysis and Foundation Dynamics”*, NSV Kameswara Rao, Wheeler Publishing, New Delhi. | | | |

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| **COURSE PLAN** | | | | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | | **Hours** | | **Sem.Exam Marks %** | |
| I | Soil structure interaction and 'flexible' approach to the design of foundations, Contact Pressure – from theory of Elasticity and Sub grade reaction, Concept of sub grade modulus, effects/parameters influencing sub grade modulus. Experimental Determination of Sub grade Modulus | | 7 | | 15 | |
| II | Introduction to Idealized Soil Response Models for the Analysis of Soil – Foundation Interaction – Time Dependent Behavior of Soil Masses. Introduction to Soil-structure interaction models - Winkler, Pasternak, Hetenyi and Filonenko-Borodich. | | 7 | | 15 | |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | | | | |
| III | | Beam on Elastic foundation-soil models: Infinite beam, two parameters, Isotropic elastic half space, analysis of beams of finite length, classification of finite beams in relation to their stiffness. | | 7 | | 15 |
| IV | | Plate on Elastic medium: Infinite plate, Winkler, two parameters, isotropic elastic medium, thin and thick plates, analysis of finite plates: rectangular and circular plates. | | 7 | | 15 |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | | | | |
| V | | Analysis and design of rafts and mats incorporating soil structure interaction Role of soil-structure interaction in earthquake resistant design, Finite difference solution to problems of beams on elastic foundation. Soil – structure Interaction in framed structure, FEM Modeling. Use of appropriate software packages. | | 7 | | 20 |
| VI | | Modern concept of analysis of piles and pile groups. Elastic analysis of piles: Elastic analysis of single pile, theoretical solutions for settlement and load distributions, analysis of pile group, interaction analysis, load distribution in groups with rigid cap. Laterally loaded pile: Load deflection prediction for laterally loaded piles, sub-grade reaction and elastic analysis, interaction analysis, pile raft system. | | 7 | | 20 |
| **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION** | | | | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 6052 (B)** | **ADVANCED CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course** **objectives:**  To equip the students to understand the properties of concrete and to familiarise the advances in concrete and concrete making  To equip the students to select appropriate mixes according to the situation and to perform mix designs with available materials. | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Materials for concrete making- Review of cements including blended cements, manufacture, chemical composition, chemical and physical processes of hydration, structure of hydration products- modern methods of analysis, Aggregates- Review of types; elementary mineralogy and petrology; Engineering considerations for use of various types- production of artificial aggregates; sampling and testing; effects on properties of concretes, mortars and grouts.  **Properties of fresh concrete** - basics regarding fresh concrete – mixing, workability, placement, consolidation, and curing - Rheological models to characterize concrete - Experimental methods to characterize rheology of concrete-Flowable and pumbable concrete  **Admixtures** –Mineral admixtures - Review of types, - pulverised fuel ash, ground granulated blast furnace slag and silica fume;; chemical and physical processes of hydration and interaction; effects on properties of concretes, mortars and grouts; Chemical Admixtures -Review of types and classification; chemical composition; actions and interactions; usage; effects on properties of concretes – on quality and costs.  **Proportioning of concrete mixtures –** concepts- mixture designas perBIS, BS and ACI methods, statistical quality control, acceptance criteria as per BIS code.  **Setting and hardening concrete -** Plastic settlement and plastic shrinkage; early age thermal movements; strength development; maturity, accelerated curing  **Properties of hardened concrete-** Strength; deformation under load; elasticity; creep; drying shrinkage and other volume changes -Thermal properties  **Durability of concrete and concrete construction -** Durability concept; pore structure and transport processes; reinforcement corrosion; fire resistance; frost damage; sulfate attack; alkali silica reaction; delayed ettringite formation  **Special concretes -** Lightweight concrete- description of various types - High strength concrete and mixture design; Self compacting concrete : Rheology and mixture design - Roller compacted concrete – Ready mixed concrete – Fibre reinforced concrete - polymer concrete  **Special processes and technology for particular types of structure -** Sprayed concrete; underwater concrete, mass concrete; slipform construction, Prefabrication technology | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  An ability to select a concrete mix suitable for a particular exposure condition.  An ability to carry out the design of the concrete mix, using the test data on materials.  An ability to apply theoretical knowledge in realizing a structure with adequate quality. | | | |
| **References :**   1. Neville, A. M., “Properties of Concrete,” 4th and final Edition, 2003. 2. Mehta, P. K. and Monteiro, P. J. M., “Concrete: Microstructure, Properties, and Materials,” 3rd Edition, 2006. 3. Shetty M S, Concrete Technology, - Theory and Practice”, S.Chand and Company, New Delhi, 1992. 4. Mindess S and Young JF, “Concrete”, Prentice-Hall, USA,1981 5. H. Okamura and K. Ozawa, “Mix Design for Self-Compacting Concrete,” Concrete Library of JSCE, No. 25, 1995, pp. 107 – 120 6. G. H. Tattersall, “Workability and Quality Control of Concrete,” E&FN Spon, London, 1991 7. Hewlett P C Concrete Admixtures use and applications, ed M R Rixom, The Concrete press, London, 1972 | | | |

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| **Course Plan** | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | **Hours** | **Sem Exam Marks %** |
| **I** | Materials for concrete making- Review of cements including blended cements, manufacture, chemical composition and suitability. | **4** | **15** |
| Chemical and physical processes of hydration, structure of hydration products- modern methods of analysis,. | **3** |
| Aggregates- Review of types; elementary mineralogy and petrology; Engineering considerations for use of various types- production of artificial aggregates; sampling and testing; effects on properties of concretes, mortars and grout- quality of water. | **3** |
| **II** | **Properties of fresh concrete** - basics regarding fresh concrete – mixing, workability, placement, consolidation, and curing - Rheological models to characterize concrete - Experimental methods to characterize rheology of concrete -Flowable and pumpable concrete | **3** | **20** |
| **Admixtures** –Mineral admixtures - Review of types, - pulverised fuel ash, ground granulated blast furnace slag and silica fume;; chemical and physical processes of hydration and interaction; effects on properties of concretes, mortars and grouts; Chemical Admixtures -Review of types and classification; chemical composition; actions and interactions; usage; effects on properties of concretes – on quality and costs. | **3** |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| **III** | **Proportioning of concrete mixtures –** concepts- mixture designas perBIS, BS and ACI methods, statistical quality control, acceptance criteria as per BIS code | **4** | **15** |
| **IV** | **Setting and hardening concrete -** Plastic settlement and plastic shrinkage; early age thermal movements; strength development; maturity, accelerated curing | **4** | **20** |
| **Properties of hardened concrete-** Strength; deformation under load; elasticity; creep; drying shrinkage and other volume changes -Thermal properties | **3** |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| **V** | **Durability of concrete and concrete construction -** Durability concept; pore structure and transport processes; reinforcement corrosion; fire resistance; frost damage; sulfate attack; alkali silica reaction; delayed ettringite formation | **4** | **15** |
| **VI** | **Special concretes -** Lightweight concrete- description of various types - High strength concrete and mixture design; - | **3** | **15** |
| Self compacting concrete : Rheology and mixture design Roller compacted concrete – Ready mixed concrete – Fibre reinforced concrete - polymer concrete | **4** |
| **Special processes and technology for particular types of structure -** Sprayed concrete; underwater concrete, mass concrete; slipform construction, Prefabrication technology | **4** |
| **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION** | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 6052 (C)** | **DESIGN OF BRIDGES** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course Objectives**  *To impart knowledge on important types of bridge structures, their selection and planning, structural configurations, assessment of loads, choose the appropriate method of analysis according to the situation and perform design.* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Classification of bridges, Review of road and railway bridges, steel and concrete bridges, loads on bridges - Indian Road Congress (IRC) bridge codes, design of skew slab culverts, R.C. Bridges, analysis and design of T - beam bridges, principles of design of balanced cantilever bridges, design of sub structure - design of piers and abutments, prestressed concrete bridges, steel bridges, temperature, shrinkage, creep, construction techniques and effects of construction sequence on design. | | | |
| **Expected Outcome**  Understand the codal provisions for loading and design standards of bridges.  Design the substructure including pier and pier cap and well elements.  Design the superstructure of bridge using different methods.  Understand, design and select materials suitable for bearings. | | | |
| **References:**   1. Johnson Victor D.- *Essentials of Bridge Engineering*. 2. Krishna Raju. N. "*Design of Bridges*", Oxford & IBM Publishing Co, Bombay, 1988 3. Raina.V.K. "*Concrete Bridge Practice*", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co., New Delhi - 1991 4. Taylor F.W, Thomson S.E. and Smulski.E. "*Reinforced Concrete Bridges*", John Wiley & Sons, New York 1955 5. FR Jagadeesh, M.A. jaya Ram, “*Design of Bridge structures*", Eastern Economy edition. 6. Murthy S.S. and Santhakumar A.R., “*Transmission Line Towers’*, McGrawHill. 7. Punmia B.C., Asok K. Jain and Arun K. Jain, “*Design of Steel Structures*”, Lexmi Publications. 8. Conference Proceedings, '*Advances and Innovations in Bridge Engineering*', IIT, Madras and Indian Institute of Bridge Engineers, Tamilnadu, Allied Publisher, New Delhi, 1999   **Note :**  Latest IS IRC codes and charts giving EUDLL are permitted for the examination | | | |

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| **COURSE PLAN** | | | | | | |
| **Module** | | **Contents** | **Hours** | | **Sem.Exam Marks %** | |
| I | | Classification of bridges, Review of road and railway bridges, steel and concrete bridges, Components of bridges, Need for investigation - Bridge site - Data collection - design discharge - linear waterway – alignment - economical span - scour depth - traffic projection - choice of bridge type. Loads on bridges: Indian Road Congress (IRC) bridge codes - dimensions - dead and live loads - impact effect - wind and seismic forces - longitudinal and centrifugal forces - hydraulic forces - earth pressure - temperature effect and secondary stresses-specifications and I.R.C. provisions. | 7 | | 15 | |
| II | | Design of skew slab culverts. R.C. Bridges: - box culverts. T-beam bridges - Pigeaud curves - Courbon's theory - Hendry Jaegar method | 7 | | 15 | |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAM** | | | | | | |
| III | Analysis and design of T - beam bridges. Principles of design of Balanced Cantilever bridges. Introduction to continuous girder bridges, box girder bridges, rigid frame bridges and arch bridges. | | | 7 | | 15 |
| IV | Design of Sub structure: Design of piers and abutments-forces-combinations-design principles of foundations- well, piles (detailed designs not expected). Bearings:- Design of elastomeric bearings, steel bearings. | | | 7 | | 15 |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAM** | | | | | | |
| V | Prestressed Concrete Bridges: Design of single span bridges. – design principles of composite prestressed concrete(RCC+PSC) super structures – methods of erection of precast girders - Introduction to continuous bridges -continuous construction - recent trends. | | | 7 | | 20 |
| VI | Steel Bridges: Design of Plate girder and Pratt truss bridges. Introduction to Arch Bridges, Suspension and Cable Stayed Bridges. Introduction to Secondary Effects, Temperature, Shrinkage, Creep. Construction Techniques and Effects of Construction Sequence on Design. | | | 7 | | 20 |
| **END SEMESTER EXAM** | | | | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 6062** | **MINI PROJECT BASED ON INDUSTRIAL TRAINING** | **0-0-4-2** | **2015** |
| **Course Objectives**  *To estimate the ability of the student in transforming the theoretical knowledge studied so far into a practical problem in structural engineering.*  *To prepare students for future employment*  *Students must be able to do a mini project – either actual design or rehabilitation, using hand computation and Softwares like ETABS / SAP and submit a report with relevant structural drawings.* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Internship in an organization and use of softwares like ETABS, SAP and also hand computation for analysis and design. Student has to analyse design, and detail structures. The basic concepts of design may be taken into consideration while designing the project. | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  Experience the discipline of working in a professional engineering organization.  Develop understanding of functioning and organization of a business  Interact with other professional and non professional groups  Apply engineering methods such as design and problem solving.  Develop technical, inter personal and communication skills both oral and written | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 6072** | **STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING DESIGN STUDIO** | **0-0-3-2** | **2015** |
| **Course Objectives**  *Students are expected to use important softwares used in the field of structural engineering for analysis, design and drafting.* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  **Exercises on Concrete Structures: -**  Analysis, design and detailing of solid slabs in a typical floor for a residential building- Analysis, design and detailing of beams in a typical intermediate floor of a multi-storey building- Analysis, design and detailing of circular ring beam supporting an overhead water tank-  Analysis, design and detailing of shear walls- considering shear wall-frame interaction in a tall RC structure subject to wind loading and seismic loading.  **Exercises on Metal Structures: -**  Design of Steel Industrial Building – Design of roof trusses - Design of Steel Multi-storey Building – Design of storage structures - Design of towers | | | |
| 1. **References:** 2. Arthur. H. Nilson, David Darwin and Charles W Dolan, Design of Concrete Structures, Tata 3. McGraw Hill, 2004 4. Park,R and Paulay T, Reinforced Concrete Structures, John Wiley & Sons, New York 5. Macleod, I.A, Shear Wall Frame Interaction. A design aid with commentary Portland Cement 6. Association. 7. IS 456 :2000, Indian Standard for Plain and Reinforced Concrete- Code of Practice, BIS, New Delhi 8. IS 13920 : 1993, Indian Standard for Ductile Detailing of Reinforced Concrete Structures subjected toSeismic Forces - Code of Practice, BIS, New Delhi 9. Gaylord ., Design of steel structures, McGraw Hill, New York. 10. 7. Dayaratnam, P., Design of steel structures, Wheeler Pub. | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  Analyse, Design and detail industrial structures.  Analyse, Design and detail R.C.C., bunkers and silos.  Analyse, Design and detail bridge structures  Analyse, Design and detail multi-storey frame buildings | | | |

**SEMESTER 3**

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| **Course No.** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 7011(A)** | **DESIGN OF PRESTRESSED CONCRETE STRUCTURES** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course Objectives**  *To make students familiar with the concepts of design of typical pre-stressed concrete structural elements* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Basic concept and principles of pre-stressed concrete systems- loss of pre-stress, stresses at transfer and service loads, ultimate strength in flexure, code provisions for calculation of deflection (short & long term) in (IS, BS, ACI codes), complete design of post and pre-tensioned simply supported PSC beams, design and analysis of post and pre-tensioned PSC slabs - design of tension members – application in the design of prestressed cylindrical water tanks, analysis and design of statically indeterminate structures, PC poles, pipes and railway sleepers, composite beams – analysis and design, partial pre-stressing, definitions, principles and design approaches. | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  Students after the completion of the course, are able to understand the behaviour of pre-stressed concrete structures.  They are able to apply the knowledge to anlayse and design of pre-stressed concrete structures. | | | |
| **References:**   1. Krishna Raju.N, "*Prestressed Concrete*", 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. New Delhi 2000 2. Dayaratnam.P., "*Prestressed Concrete*", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. New Delhi 2000 3. Sinha .N.C & S.K. Roy, "*Fundamentals of Prestressed Concrete*, S.Chand & Co., 1985 4. Rajagopalan.N. "*Prestressed Concrete*", Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi - 2002 5. Lin .T.Y. "*Design of Prestressed Concrete Structures*", John Wiley and Sons - Inc - 1960 6. Leonhardt.F. "*Prestressed Concrete Design and Construction*", - Second Edition Wilhelm Ernst & Sohn, Berlin, 1964 7. Guyon .V. "*Limit State Design of Prestressed Concrete*", - Vol - 1 & 2, Applied Science Publishers, London 1995 8. Mallick and Rangaswamy., "*Mechanics of Prestressed Concrete Design* ", Khanna Publishers.Pandit & Gupta., " *Prestressed Concrete* ", CBS 9. F.K. Hong & R.H. Evans., *"Reinforced and Prestressed Concrete* " Tata McGraw Hill Co. | | | |

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| **COURSE PLAN** | | | | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | | **Hours** | | **Sem.Exam Marks %** | |
| I | Review- Basic concept and principles of pre-stressed concrete systems- loss of pre-stress computation of losses. Stresses at transfer and service loads | | 7 | | 15 | |
| II | Study of code provisions- ultimate strength in flexure. Code provisions for calculation of deflection (short & long term) in (IS, BS, ACI codes). | | 7 | | 15 | |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAM** | | | | | | |
| III | | Complete design of post and pre-tensioned simply supported PSC beams -including end block design- cable profile- shear, bond, deflection. Serviceability requirements- deflection and cracking limit states. | | 7 | | 15 |
| IV | | Design and analysis of post and pre-tensioned PSC slabs - Design of tension members – Application in the design of prestressed cylindrical water tanks. | | 7 | | 15 |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAM** | | | | | | |
| V | | Analysis and design of statically indeterminate structures-continuous beams- con-cordancy and linear transformation- simple cases of cantilever beams and slabs. Design criteria and manufacturing methods of uniformly pre-stressed members. PC poles, pipes and railway sleepers (detailed design not expected). | | 7 | | 20 |
| VI | | Composite beams –Analysis and design – Ultimate strength – applications, Elementary idea of composite construction for tee beams in bridges. Partial pre-stressing- Definitions, principles and design approaches. | | 7 | | 20 |
| **END SEMESTER EXAM** | | | | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 7011(B)** | **MECHANICS OF COMPOSITE MATERIALS** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course Objectives**  *To make students familiar with the concepts of analysis and design of composite structural elements.* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Composite beams - elastic behaviour of composite beams, serviceability limits - basic design considerations - design of composite beams, composite floors - analysis for internal forces and moments, composite columns - reinforced steel-composite column design, combined compression and uniaxial bending, continuous beams and slab - design strategies distribution. | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  The student will be able to:  Understand the behaviour of composite materials.  Apply the knowledge designing various types of structural elements | | | |
| **References:**   1. Johnson,R.P, “*Composite Structures of Steel and Concrete”*,Vol.1Beams,Slabs,Columns and Frames in Buildings, Oxford Blackwell Scientific Publications, London. 2. INSDAG teaching resource for structural steel design, Vol 2, INSDAG, Ispat Niketan, Calcutta. | | | |

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| **COURSE PLAN** | | | | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | | **Hours** | **Sem.Exam Marks %** | | |
| I | Introduction: - Composite beams- Elastic behaviour of composite beams- No interaction case-Full interaction case-Shear connectors-Characteristics of shear connectors-Ultimate load behavior. | | 7 | 15 | | |
| II | Serviceability limits-Basic design considerations-Design of composite beams. | | 7 | 15 | | |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAM** | | | | | | |
| III | | Composite floors: - Structural elements-Profiled sheet decking-Bending resistance-Serviceability criteria - Analysis for internal forces and moments. | 7 | | 15 | |
| IV | | Composite columns: - Materials-Structural steel - Concrete-Reinforced steel-Composite column design -Fire resistance. | 7 | | 15 | |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAM** | | | | | | |
| V | | Combined compression and uniaxial bending | 7 | | | 20 |
| VI | | Continuous beams and slab - hogging moment regions of composite beams-Vertical shear and moment- Shear interaction - Global analysis of continuous beams- Design strategies | 7 | | | 20 |
| **END SEMESTER EXAM** | | | | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 7011 (C)** | **HIGH RISE BUILDINGS** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course Objectives**  *To impart students with basic knowledge on analysis and design philosophy, structural systems and their structural behaviour applied to high rise buildings.* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Design philosophy- materials: RCC, steel, PSC - loading - gravity loading - wind loading- earthquake loading - blast Loading, structural planning of tall building, behaviour of various structural systems - analysis and design, shear wall frame interaction - basic design of shear walls, stability of tall buildings - overall buckling analysis of frames - P- Delta analysis | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  To develop a thorough understanding of structural systems of high rise buildings.  An ability to select suitable structural systems for tall buildings  Ability to analyse and design high rise structures using structural engineering software.  To dDevelop a thorough understanding of fire protection in tall buildings. | | | |
| **References:**   1. Taranath , B.S., “*Structural Analysis and design of Tall Building”*, Tata McGraw Hill., 2. Wilf gang Schuller, High Rise Building Structures, John Wiley and Sons. 2. Lynn S. Beedle, “*Advances in Tall Buildings”*, CBS Publishers and Distributers, Delhi, 3. Brayan Stafford Smith, Alex coull, “*Tall Building Structures, Analysis and Design”*, John Wiley and Sons, 1991 4. M. Fintal, “*Handbook of Concrete Structures*” | | | |

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| **COURSE PLAN** | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | **Hours** | **Sem.Exam Marks %** |
| I | Design philosophy- materials: RCC, steel, PSC - loading- Gravity loading- Wind loading- Earthquake loading-blast Loading. | 7 | 15 |
| II | Structural planning of tall building - Building frames- rigid frames, braced frames, infilled frames, shear walls, coupled shear walls; Frame-shear wall combo; other structural forms -tubular, cores, hybrid mega system. | 7 | 15 |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAM** | | | |
| III | Analysis for member forces, drift and twist, computerised general three dimensional analysis. Structural elements: Sectional shapes, properties and resisting capacity, deflection, cracking. | 7 | 15 |
| IV | Analysis for member forces, drift and twist, computerised general three dimensional analysis. Structural elements: Sectional shapes, properties and resisting capacity, deflection, cracking. | 7 | 15 |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAM** | | | |
| V | Stability of tall buildings - Overall buckling analysis of frames- P- Delta analysis- Translational, torsional instability, out of plumb effects, effect of foundation rotation. | 7 | 20 |
| VI | Stability of tall buildings - Overall buckling analysis of frames- P- Delta analysis- Translational, torsional instability, out of plumb effects, effect of foundation rotation. | 7 | 20 |
| **END SEMESTER EXAM** | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 7021 (A)** | **Design of Industrial Structures** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course** **objectives**   * To reinforce the fundamental courses in structural design in the perspective of industrial   applications.   * To make students capable of planning and organizing various types of industrial buildings * To familiarize with the design of special structures widely used in industrial plants. | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Functional design of industrial buildings:- Classification, layout planning requirements, factories act,  Principles of Lighting, ventilation, noise and vibration control. Industrial floorings.  General overview of Thermal /Nuclear power plant structures, conveyor structures – Boiler supporting structures-Substation structures.  Structural Design of Industrial Buildings: Braced and Unbraced Industrial frames, Gantry girders, Machine foundations, Reinforced concrete deep and shallow bins, Tall Chimneys (RCC), Cooling Towers, Transmission line Towers | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  Students will be able to perform functional planning and structural design of various types of industrial buildings. They will be able to design and detail different types of machine foundations and gantry girders. They will acquire an overall knowledge on structural behaviour of tall chimneys, bins, towers etc. | | | |
| **References:**   1. Proceedings of an advanced course on industrial structures, SERC – 1982. 2. S.N.Manohar, Tall Chimneys-Design and Construction, Tata Mc Graw Hill. 3. P.Dayaratnam, Design of steel structures, Wheeler Publishing Co. 4. Ramchandra, Design of steel structures, Vol. 1 and 2, Standard Book house Delhi. 5. Srivasulu and Vaidyanathan, Handbook of machine foundations-Tata McGraw Hill. 6. Murthy and Santhakumar, Transmission Line structures, McGraw Hill 7. G.W.Owens, P.R.Knowles and P.J.Dowling- Steel Designers’ manual – 5th edition – Blackwell scientific publications. 8. V.Kalayanaraman, Advances in steel structures. Tata McGraw Hill 9. Krishnaraju N., Advanced Reinforced concrete design, CBS Publishers. 10. K.K.Mc Kelvey and Maxey Brooke, The Industrial Cooling Tower, Elsevier Publishing Co.   **IS Codes:**  SP: 32–1986-Hand book on functional requirements of Industrial buildings (Lighting and  ventilation).  IS: 4995- Design of RC Bins-Parts 1,2  IS: 4998-criteria for design of RCC Chimneys Part 1,2  IS: 11504- Structural design of Natural Draft Cooling Towers  IS:802- Design of steel transmission line towers- Parts 1,2,3  IS:2974 – Design of Machine foundations- Parts 1,2,3,4 | | | |

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| **Course Plan** | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | **Hours** | **Sem Exam Marks %** |
| **I** | Functional design of industrial buildings:  Classification of industrial structures-layout planning requirements –Guidelines from factories act | **2** | **15** |
| Lighting- Illumination levels – Principles of day lighting, artificial lighting design | **2** |
| Natural / Mechanical ventilation – Fire safety requirements Protection against noise | **2** |
| vibration isolation techniques | **1** |
| **II** | Cladding systems, Industrial floors. | **1** | **15** |
| General overview of Thermal power  plant/Nuclear power plant structures / Process plant structures | **3** |
| Conveyor structures, Boiler supporting structures, Substation structures. | **3** |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| **III** | Structural Design of Braced Industrial Buildings. | **3** | **15** |
| Design of Unbraced Industrial Buildings. | **2** |
| Structural analysis and design of Gantry girders | **2** |
| **IV** | Machine foundations – Strength and deformation of soil under dynamic loads; dynamic coefficients for  soils, shear modulus and elastic constants of soil; | **2** | **20** |
| Types of foundations -Design Requirements-Analysis and design of block type machine foundations (IS 2974 method) | **2** |
| Design of foundation for reciprocating and rotary machines, foundation for impact type loading-simple design exercises; vibration isolation technique. | **3** |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| **V** | Design of Reinforced concrete bunkers and silos as per IS: 4995. | **4** | **20** |
| Tall Chimneys (RCC)– Types -Chimney sizing parameters- Overview of wind and temperature effects. Design principles of Reinforced concrete chimneys as per IS: 4998. Principles of design for seismic loads. | **3** |
| **VI** | Cooling Towers –Types and functions- Design principles of RC natural draught cooling towers as per  IS: 11504 [No numerical exercise expected] | **3** | **15** |
| Transmission line Towers- Types-Design loadings-Analysis and design concepts- Tower testing. Description of Tower construction- tower foundations. | **4** |
| **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION** | | | |

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| **Course No.** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 7021(B)** | **PROBABILITY METHODS IN CIVIL ENGINEERING** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course Objectives**  *To provide the students the concept and an understanding of probability and random processes. It also helps to understand the Design of experiments. Emphasis shall be given to problems in Civil Engineering.* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Random variables - random variables - probability function, functions of two dimensional random variables – regression curve – correlation, analytical problems based on civil engineering context, testing of hypothesis - sampling distributions - type I and type II errors, multivariate analysis - covariance matrix – correlation matrix, Ddsign of experiments- analysis of variance – one-way and two-way classifications – completely randomized design – randomized block design – Latin square design | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  *At the end of course, the student will be able to:*  *An abiity to apply probabilist methods in civil engineering*  *To be able to apply the knowledge to interpret data and analyse results when they do experiments and* analyse | | | |
| **References:**   1. Richard Johnson. ”*Miller & Freund’s Probability and Statistics for Engineers*”, Prentice – Hall of India, Private Ltd.,, New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2007. 2. Benjamin J R and Cornell C A, “*Probability, statics, and Decision for Civil Engineers*”, McGraw Hill Book Company. New York, 1970 3. Douglas C., Montgomery and George C. Runger, “*Applied Statistics and Probability for Engineer”s*, 3rd Edition, Wiley India, 2007. 4 4. A.H.S. Ang and W. H. Tang, “*Probability Concepts in Engineering Planning and Design*”, Volume I and II. 5. Richard A. Johnson and Dean W. Wichern, “*Applied Multivariate Statistical Analysis*”, Pearson Education, Asia, 5th Edition, 2002. 6. Gupta, S.C. and Kapoor, V.K. ”*Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics*”, Sultan and Sons, New Delhi, 2001. 7. Jay L. Devore, “*Probability and statistics for Engineering and the Sciences*”, Thomson and Duxbbury, Singapore, 2002. 8. Dallas E Johnson et al., “*Applied multivariate methods for data analysis*” Thomson and Duxbbury press, Singapore, 1998. | | | |

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| **COURSE PLAN** | | | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | **Hours** | | **Sem.Exam Marks %** | |
| I | Random Variables - Random variables - Probability function – moments – moment generating functions and their properties – Binomial, Poisson, Geometric, Uniform, Exponential, Gamma and Normal distributions – Functions of a Random Variable. Joint distributions – Marginal and Conditional distributions | 7 | | 15 | |
| II | Functions of two dimensional random variables – Regression Curve – Correlation, Analytical problems based on Civil Engineering contexteg. sampling and quality control. Estimation Theory - Unbiased Estimators – Method of Moments – Maximum Likelihood Estimation - Curve fitting by Principle of least squares – Regression Lines | 7 | | 15 | |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | | | |
| III | Testing of Hypothesis - Sampling distributions - Type I and Type II errors - Tests based on Normal, t, Chi-square and F distributions for testing of mean, variance and proportions – Tests for Independence of attributes and Goodness of fit. Analytical problems based on Civil Engineering context-eg. Characteristic strength, load. | | 7 | | 15 |
| IV | Multivariate analysis - Covariance matrix – Correlation Matrix – Multivariate Normal density function – Principal components – Sample variation by principal components – | | 7 | | 15 |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | | | |
| V | Principal components by graphing- Analytical problems based on Civil Engineering context eg. problems on reliability. | | 7 | | 20 |
| VI | Design of experiments- Analysis of variance – One-way and two-way classifications – Completely randomized design – Randomized block design – Latin square design- Analytical problems based on Civil Engineering context. | | 7 | | 20 |
| **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION** | | | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 7021 (C)** | **STRUCTURAL OPTIMIZATION AND RELIABILITY ANALYSIS** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course Objectives**  *To impart students with various techniques of structural optimization and to familiarize students with the applications of probability analysis and reliability techniques in structural engineering.* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Optimisation methods in civil engineering - linear and nonlinear programming problems, applications of linear programming problems in civil engineering - limit design of steel portal frames. introduction to dynamic programming, geometric programming, introduction to genetic algorithms, concepts of structural safety, probability theory, random events, random variables, resistance distributions and parameters, basic structural reliability | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  To understand optmisation techniques and reliability analysis.  Ability to apply the knowledge for structural optimisation. | | | |
| 1. **References:** 2. Sastry S.S., *“Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis”*, Prentice Hall of India 3. Scarborough J.B., “*Numerical Mathematical Analysis”*, Oxford and IBH 4. Rao S.S., “*Engineering Optimization-Theory and Applications”*, New Age International Publishers 5. Krishnamoorthy E.V. and Sen S.K., “*Numerical Algorithms”*, Affiliated East West Press 6. Kirsch U., “*Optimum Structural Design”*, McGraw Hill 7. Fox R.L., *“Optimization Methods for Engineering Design”*, Addison Wesley 8. Singiresu S. Rao, “*Engineering Optimization (Theory and Practice)”* 3rd Edition, New Age International (P) Ltd. 9. Press W.H., et al. “*Numerical Recipes in C – The art of Computation”*, Cambridge Press 10. Goldberg D.E., “*Genetic Algorithms in Search, Optimisation and Machine Learning”*, Addison Wesley Publishing Company. 11. R. Ranganathan., “*Reliability Analysis and Design of Structures”*, Tata McGraw Hill, 1990. 12. Ang, A. H. S & Tang, W. H., “*Probability Concepts in Engineering Planning and Design”*, Vol. I Basic Principles, John Wiley & Sons, 1975. 13. Ang, A. H. S & Tang, W. H., “*Probability Concepts in Engineering Planning and Design”*, Vol. II Decision, Risks and Reliability, John Wiley & Sons, 1984. 14. Jack R. Benjamin & C. Allin Cornell., “*Probability, Statistics and Decision for Engineers”*, McGrawHill. 15. H. O. Madsen, S. Krenk & N. C. Lind, “*Methods of Structural Safety”*, Prentice-Hall, 1986. 16. R. E. Melchers. “*Structural Reliability - Analysis and prediction”*, Ellis Horwood Ltd, 1987. | | | |

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| **COURSE PLAN** | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | **Hours** | **Sem.Exam Marks%** |
| I | Optimisation methods in civil engineering- Problem formulation with examples- Linear programming problems: statement of an optimisation problem - linear and nonlinear programming problems - standard form of linear programming problems - simplex algorithm - degeneracy, duality, transportation problem, assignment problem. | 7 | 15 |
| II | Applications of linear programming problems in civil engineering - limit design of steel portal frames. Introduction to Dynamic programming, Geometric programming. | 7 | 15 |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| III | Applications of linear programming problems in civil engineering - limit design of steel portal frames. Introduction to Dynamic programming, Geometric programming. | 7 | 15 |
| IV | Concepts of structural safety- Probability theory:- Introduction, random events, random variables, functions of random variables, moments and expectation, common probability distributions. | 7 | 15 |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | |
| V | Resistance distributions and parameters: - Introduction, Statistics of properties of concrete, steel and other building materials, statistics of dimensional variations, characterization of variables, allowable stresses based on specified reliability. | 7 | 20 |
| VI | Basic structural reliability:- Introduction, computation of structural reliability. Level 2 Reliability methods: Introduction, basic variables and failure surface, first order second moment methods (FOSM). System reliability-series and parallel systems modeling. Reliability based design: Introduction, determination of partial safety factors, development of reliability based design criteria. | 7 | 20 |
| **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION** | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 7021 (D)** | **FORENSIC ENGINEERING AND REHABILITATION OF STRUCTURES** | **3-0-0-3** | **2015** |
| **Course Objectives**  *To provide the students the concept and applications of forensic engineering to failure analysis and damage mitigation of structures. Structural retrofitting and rehabilitation techniques are also presented.* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Failure of structures - review of the construction theory – performance problems – responsibility and accountability, diagnosis and assessment of distress - visual inspection – non destructive tests – ultrasonic pulse velocity method – rebound hammer technique, environmental problems and natural hazards, durability of RCC structures – damage due to earthquakes and strengthening of buildings – provisions of BIS 1893 and 4326, modern techniques of retrofitting, use of chemicals in repair – application of polymers – ferrocement, fiber composites and fiber reinforced concretes as rehabilitation materials – strengthening by pre-stressing | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  At the end of course, the student will be able to:  Understand the causes of failures  Analyse the causes and suggest solutions like repair or strengthening | | | |
| **References:**   1. Dovkaminetzky, *“Design and Construction Failures”*, Galgotia Publication, New Delhi,2001 2. Jacob Feld and Kenneth L Carper, “*Structural Failures”*, Wiley Europe. 3. Raikar R.N., “*Diagnosis and treatment of Structures in Distress”* 4. Raina V.K., “*Bridge Rehabilitation”* 5. Ransom W.H., “*Building Failures – Diagnosis and Avoidance”* | | | |

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| **COURSE PLAN** | | | | |
| **Module** | **Contents** | **Hours** | | **Sem.Exam Marks %** |
| I | Failure of Structures: Review of the construction theory – performance problems – responsibility and accountability – case studies – learning from failures – causes of distress in structural members – design and material deficiencies – over loading | 7 | | 15 |
| II | Diagnosis and Assessment of Distress: Visual inspection – non destructive tests – ultrasonic pulse velocity method – rebound hammer technique – ASTM classifications – pullout tests – Bremor test – Windsor probe test – crack patterns- crack detection techniques – case studies – single and multistorey buildings – Fibre optic method for prediction of structural weakness assessments | 7 | | 15 |
| **FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | | |
| III | Environmental Problems and Natural Hazards: Effect of corrosive environments, chemical and marine environments – pollution and carbonation problems – detection and measurement of corrosion. | | 7 | 15 |
| IV | durability of RCC structures – damage due to earthquakes and strengthening of buildings – provisions of BIS 1893 and 4326 | | 7 | 15 |
| **SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION** | | | | |
| V | Modern Techniques of Retrofitting: Structural elements - first aid after a disaster – guniting, jacketing. | | 7 | 20 |
| VI | Use of chemicals in repair – application of polymers – ferrocement, fiber composites and fiber reinforced concretes as rehabilitation materials – strengthening by pre-stressing – case studies – bridges – water tanks – cooling towers – heritage buildings – high rise buildings. | | 7 | 20 |
| **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION** | | | | |

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 7031** | **SEMINAR II** | **0-0-2-2** | **2015** |
| **Course Objectives**  *To enhance the self-learning capacity of students and enable them to make a comprehensive approach to new and upcoming areas of technology. Also to impart training to students to face audience and present their ideas and thus creating in them self esteem and courage* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Individual students are required to choose a topic of their interest from Structural Engineering related topics preferably from outside the M.Tech syllabus and give a seminar on that topic about 30 minutes. A committee consisting of at least three faculty members (preferably specialized in Structural Engineering) shall assess the presentation of the seminar and award marks to the students. Each student shall submit two copies of a write up of his/her seminar topic in a prescribed format. One copy shall be returned to the student after duly certifying it by the chairman of the assessing committee and the other will be kept in the departmental library. Internal continuous assessment marks are awarded based on the relevance of the topic, presentation skill, quality of the report and participation. | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  Identify and chose appropriate topic of relevance.  Assimilate literature on technical articles of specified topic and develop comprehension  Write technical report.  Design and develop presentation on a given technical topic.  Deliver technical presentation on a specified topic | | | |
| **Reading Materials**  1. Journal Publication.  2. Conference / Seminar Proceedings.  3. Handbooks / Research Digests/Codebooks  . | | | |

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| **Course No.** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 7041** | **PROJECT (PHASE 1)** | **0-0-14-6** | **2015** |
| **Course Objectives**  *To improve the professional competency and research aptitude by touching the specific areas which otherwise not covered by theory or laboratory classes. The project work aims to develop the work practice in students to apply theoretical and practical tools/techniques to solve real life problems related to industry/field and current research.* | | | |
| **Syllabus**  The project work can be analysis and design projects of innovative nature or experimental investigation or numerical simulations or a combination of these. Appropriate software developments with sufficient literature contributions can also be taken up. Each student will be allotted with a faculty as guide. In specific cases student may consult with an external guide with the prior consents of internal guide and head of the department. In this semester, students are expected to finalize appropriate topic of research, complete the required literature survey and about 25% of the objectives of their intended research. | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  Define Research Problem Statement.  Critically evaluate literature in chosen area of research & Establish Scope of work.  Develop Study Methodology.  Conduct Laboratory / Field Studies  Carryout experimental/ analytical/numerical pilot study. | | | |
| **Reading Materials**  1. Journal Publication.  2. Conference / Seminar Proceedings.  3. Handbooks / Research Digests/Codebooks. | | | |

**SEMESTER 4**

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| **Course Code** | **Course Name** | **L-T-P-Credits** | **Year of Introduction** |
| **08 CE 7012** | **MAIN PROJECT PHASE II** | **0-0-21-12** | **2015** |
| **Course Objectives**  *To improve the professional competency and research aptitude by touching the areas which otherwise not covered by theory or laboratory classes. The project work aims to develop the work practice in students to apply theoretical and practical tools/techniques to solve real life problems related to industry and current research*. | | | |
| **Syllabus**  Main project phase II is a continuation of project phase I started in the third semester. There would be two reviews in the fourth semester, first in the middle of the semester and the second at the end of the semester. First review is to evaluate the progress of the work, presentation and discussion. Second review would be a pre-submission presentation before the evaluation committee to assess the quality and quantum of the work done. . At least one technical paper is to be prepared for possible publication in journal or conferences. The technical paper is to be submitted along with the thesis. | | | |
| **Course Outcome**  Define Research Problem Statement.  Critically evaluate literature in chosen area of research & Establish Scope of work.  Develop Study Methodology, Conduct Laboratory / Field Studies  Analyse Data, develop models and offer solutions.  **Each project thesis is required to result in new knowhow applicable to Industry/Society and suitable for publication in discipline related Journals** | | | |
| **Reading Materials**  1. Journal Publication.  2. Conference / Seminar Proceedings.  3. Handbooks / Research Digests/Codebooks.  4. Previous thesis books | | | |